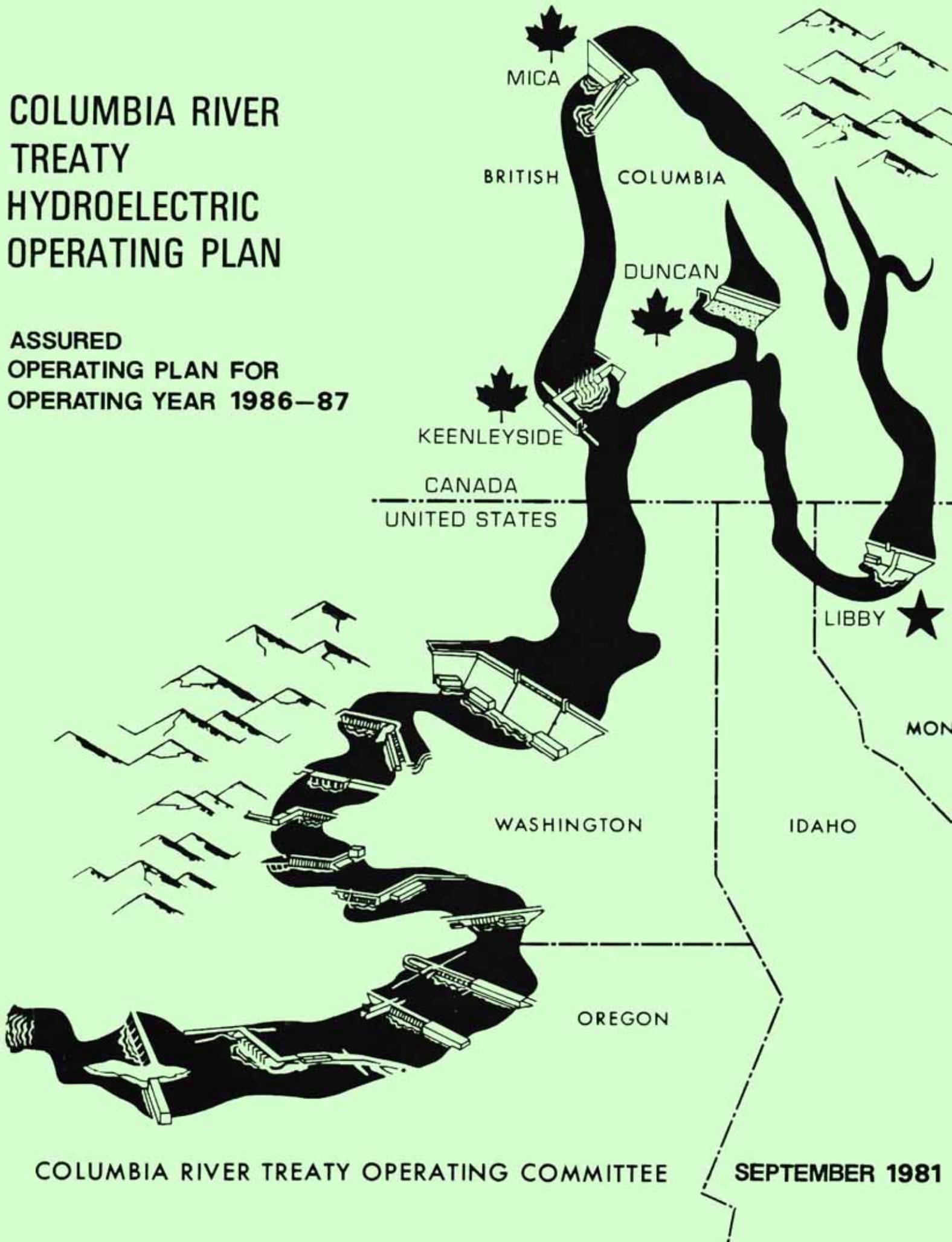


# COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY HYDROELECTRIC OPERATING PLAN

ASSURED  
OPERATING PLAN FOR  
OPERATING YEAR 1986-87



COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY  
HYDROELECTRIC OPERATING PLAN

Assured Operating Plan for  
Operating Year 1986-87

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COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY  
HYDROELECTRIC OPERATING PLAN

Assured Operating Plan for  
Operating Year 1986-87

INTRODUCTION

The treaty between Canada and the United States of America relating to the cooperative development of the water resources of the Columbia River Basin requires that each year an Assured Operating Plan be agreed by the Entities for the operation of the Columbia River Treaty storage in Canada during the sixth succeeding year. This plan will provide to the Entities information for the sixth succeeding year for planning the power systems in their respective countries which are dependent on or coordinated with the operation of the Canadian storage projects. The data assumed for this Assured Operating Plan will undergo review by the Entities immediately prior to the 1986-87 operating year and such data may be revised to reflect data and criteria current at that time. Should the Entities fail to agree on such revisions, then this Assured Operating Plan will form the basis for the Detailed Operating Plan for 1986-87.

This Assured Operating Plan was prepared in accordance with the Principles and Procedures for the Preparation and Use of Hydroelectric Operating Plans.<sup>1</sup> It is based on criteria contained in Annex A and Annex B of the Columbia River Treaty,<sup>2</sup> Article VII of the Protocol,<sup>3</sup> Terms of Sale,<sup>4</sup> and the Columbia River Treaty Flood Control Operating Plan.<sup>5</sup>

The Assured Operating Plan consists of:

(a) The Operating Rule Curve for the whole of the Canadian storage, including the Critical Rule Curve, Assured Refill Curve, Variable Refill Curves, and the individual project Upper Rule Curves.

(b) Operating Rules which specifically designate criteria for operation of the Canadian storage in accordance with the principles contained in the above references.

A 30-year System Regulation Study<sup>6</sup> was utilized to develop and test the operating rules and rule curves. It contains the agreed-upon operating constraints such as maximum and minimum project elevations and discharges.

#### SYSTEM REGULATION STUDIES

In accordance with Annex A, Paragraph 7, of the Treaty, the Columbia River Treaty Operating Committee conducted system regulation studies reflecting Canadian storage operation for optimum generation in both Canada and the United States. Downstream power benefits were computed with the Canadian storage operation based on the operating rules specified herein. There is a reduction of 4.5 average megawatts of average annual usable energy in the Canadian Entitlement of downstream power benefits. This is within the limits specified by the Treaty.

System Regulation Studies for the Assured Operating Plan were based on 1986-87 estimated loads and resources in British Columbia and in the United States Pacific Northwest System. The Entities have agreed that the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan would be based on a 30-year streamflow period and an operating year of 1 August to 31 July. Historical flows for the period August 1928 through July 1958, modified to estimated 1986-87 conditions,<sup>7</sup> were used.

The Critical Rule Curve for these studies was determined from Bonneville Power Administration Study 87-41. The study indicated a 42 month critical period for the United States system resulting from the low flows during the period from 1 September 1928 through February 1932. It was assumed that all reservoirs, both in the United States and Canada, were full at the beginning of the critical period except where minimum release requirements made this impossible.

In the studies, individual project flood control criteria were followed. Flood Control and Variable Refill criteria are based on historical inflow volumes. Although only 7.0 million acre-feet of usable storage at Mica is committed for power operation purposes under the Treaty, the Columbia River Treaty Flood Control operating Plan can provide for the full draft of the total 12 million acre-feet of storage at Mica in an on-call flood control situation.

DETERMINATION OF OPTIMUM GENERATION  
IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

In order to determine whether optimum generation in both Canada and the United States was achieved in the system regulation studies, the following three quantities were computed for both the Canadian and United States systems:

- (a) firm energy capability
- (b) January peaking capability
- (c) average annual usable secondary energy

In the studies for the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan, the Canadian storage operation was operated to achieve a weighted sum of the three quantities that was greater than the weighted sum achieved under an operation of Canadian storage for optimum generation in the United States alone.

The table on page 5 shows the results from the studies adopted for the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan and from studies designed to achieve optimum generation in the United States.

The Columbia River Treaty Operating Committee agreed that for the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan the three quantities would be assigned the following relative values:

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Relative Value</u>
firm energy capability (Av. MW)	3
January peaking capability (MW)	1
average annual usable secondary energy (Av. MW)	2

The three quantities were added after weighting on this basis and there was a net gain to the combined Canadian and United States systems with the study designed for optimum generation in Canada and the United States.

#### OPERATING RULE CURVES

The operation of Canadian storage during the 1986-87 Operating Year shall be guided by an Operating Rule Curve for the whole of Canadian storage, Flood Control Storage Reservation Curves for the individual projects, and operating rules for specific projects. The Operating Rule Curve is derived from the various curves described below. These curves are first determined for the individual Canadian projects, which in turn are used to determine Operating Rule Curves for the individual projects which are then summed to yield the Composite Operating Rule Curve for the whole of Canadian storage. This is in accordance with the provision of Article VII(2) of the Protocol.

COMPARISON OF ASSURED OPERATING PLAN  
STUDY RESULTS

	Optimum Generation in Canada and the United States	Optimum Generation in the United States			Net
	<u>Study No. 87-41</u>	<u>Study No. 87-11</u>	<u>Loss</u>	<u>Gain</u>	<u>Gain</u>
1. Firm Energy Capability (Av. MW)					
U.S. System <sup>1/</sup>	12,317	12,317	-	-	
Canada (Mica + Rev.) <sup>2/</sup>	<u>1,556</u>	<u>1,525</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31</u>	
Total (Av. MW)	13,873	13,842	-	31	31
2. January Peaking Capacity (MW)					
U.S. System <sup>3/</sup>	31,206	31,201	-	5	
Canada (Mica + Rev.) <sup>4/</sup>	<u>3,383</u>	<u>3,414</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total (MW)	34,589	34,615	31	5	(26)
3. Average Annual Usable Secondary Energy (Av. MW)					
U.S. System	3,086	3,085	-	1	
Canada (Mica + Rev.)	<u>190</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total (Av. MW)	3,276	3,307	32	1	(31)

1/ U.S. System firm energy capability was determined over the U.S. system critical period beginning 1 September 1928 and ending 29 February 1932.

2/ Canadian (Mica + Revelstoke) system firm energy capability was determined over the Canadian system critical period beginning 1 September 1942 and ending 30 April 1946.

3/ U.S. system January peaking capability was determined from January 1937.

4/ Canadian (Mica + Revelstoke) system January peaking capability was determined from January 1945.

(a) Critical Rule Curve. The Critical Rule Curve indicates the end-of-month storage content of Canadian storage during the critical period. It is designed to protect the ability of the United States system to serve firm load with the occurrence of flows no worse than those during the most adverse historical streamflow period. A tabulation of the Composite Critical Rule Curve for the whole of Canadian storage is included in Table 1.

(b) Refill Curve. The Refill Curve is a guide to operation of Canadian storage which defines the normal limit of storage draft for secondary energy in order to provide a high probability of refilling the storage. In general, the Operating Plan does not permit serving secondary loads at the risk of failing to refill storages and thereby jeopardizing the firm load carrying capability of the United States system or the Mica and Revelstoke generating plants during subsequent years. The end of the refill period is considered to be 31 July.

The Refill Curve is, in turn, defined by two curves as discussed below. In each case, adjustment should be made for water required for refill of upstream reservoirs when applicable.

(1) Assured Refill Curve. The Assured Refill Curve indicates the end-of-month storage content required to assure refill of Canadian storage based on the 1930-31 water year, the system's second lowest historical volume of inflow for the period January through July as measured at The Dalles, Oregon. The tabulation of the composite Assured Refill Curve for the whole of Canadian storage is included as Table 2.

The schedule of outflows is the same as the Power Discharge Requirements used in computing the Variable Refill Curve discussed in (2) below when The Dalles volume runoff is at 80 million acre-feet.

(2) Variable Refill Curve. The Variable Refill Curve gives end-of-month storage contents for the period January through July required to refill Canadian storage during the refill period. It was based on historical inflow volume and Power Discharge Requirements determined in accordance with the Principles and Procedures for the Preparation and Use of Hydroelectric Operating Plans.<sup>1</sup> In the system regulation studies the Power Discharge Requirement was made a function of the natural January - July runoff volume at The Dalles, Oregon. In those years when this volume was lower than 80 million acre-feet, the discharge used was that required to meet firm loads while refilling at 80 million acre-feet. In years when the runoff volume at The Dalles exceeded 95 million acre-feet, the Power Discharge Requirement was the project minimum outflow. For intermediate volumes, the Power Discharge Requirement used in computing the Variable Refill Curves was interpolated linearly between the values shown below:

POWER DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS IN CFS  
FOR JANUARY THROUGH JULY VOLUME AT THE DALLES

<u>Project</u>	80 MAF				
	January February <u>March</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>
Mica	3,000	11,600	11,600	11,600	14,600
Arrow	5,000	17,500	26,500	26,500	43,500
Duncan	100	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700

POWER DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS IN CFS  
FOR JANUARY THROUGH JULY VOLUME AT THE DALLES

90 MAF					
<u>Project</u>	<u>January February March</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>
Mica	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Arrow	5,000	9,600	9,600	26,500	29,000
Duncan	100	900	900	900	900

POWER DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS IN CFS  
FOR JANUARY THROUGH JULY VOLUME AT THE DALLES

95 MAF					
<u>Project</u>	<u>January February March</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>
Mica	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Arrow	5,000	5,000	5,000	14,000	14,000
Duncan	100	100	100	100	100

Composite Variable Refill Curves for the whole of Canadian storage for the 30 years of historical record are recorded in Table 3; the effect of the Limiting Rule Curve, as described below, is included. These illustrate the probable range of these curves based on historical conditions. In the actual operation in 1986-87, the Power Discharge Requirements will be based on the forecast of unregulated runoff at The Dalles.

(c) Limiting Rule Curve. The Limiting Rule Curves indicate month-end storage contents which must be maintained to guarantee the system meeting its firm load during the period January 1 - March 31 in the event that the Variable Refill Curves permit storage to be emptied and sufficient natural flow is not available to carry the load prior to start of the freshet. Such

rule curves shall limit the Variable Refill Curve to be no lower than the Limiting Rule Curve. The Limiting Rule Curve shall be developed for 1936-37 water conditions.

(d) Upper Rule Curve. The Upper Rule Curves<sup>8</sup> indicate end-of-month storage content to which each individual Canadian storage project shall be evacuated for flood control and other requirements. The Upper Rule Curves used in the studies were based upon Flood Control Storage Reservation Diagrams contained in the Columbia River Treaty Flood Control Operating Plan and analysis of system flood control simulations. Each Upper Rule Curve is constrained to be not lower than the Variable Refill Curve, except in those years in which the April-August unregulated volume of runoff for the Columbia River at The Dalles exceeds 120 million acre-feet, and Canadian storage is subject to on-call request. Flood control curves for each of the Canadian Treaty projects for the 30-year study period are shown on Tables 4, 5, and 6; however, the tables do not reflect the constraint that the Upper Rule Curve not be lower than the Variable Refill Curve. Tables 5 and 6 reflect an assumed transfer of 2 million acre-feet of flood control storage space from Arrow to Mica. In actual operation, the Flood Control Storage Reservation Curves will be computed as outlined in the Flood Control Operating Plan, using the latest forecast of runoff available at that time.

(e) Definition of Operating Rule Curve. During the period 1 August through 31 December, the Operating Rule Curve is defined by the Critical Rule Curve or the Assured Refill Curve, whichever is higher. The Critical Rule Curve for the first year of the critical period is used in the foregoing determination. During the period 1 January through 31 July, the Operating Rule Curve is defined by the higher of the Critical Rule Curve and the Assured Refill Curve; unless the Variable Refill Curve is lower than this value, then it is defined by the Variable Refill Curve. During the period 1 January

through 31 March, it will not be lower than the Limiting Rule Curve. The Operating Rule Curve meets all requirements for flood control operation (except as noted in paragraph (d) of the Operating Rules). Composite Operating Rule Curves for the whole of Canadian storage for all 30 years of historical record are included as Table 7 to illustrate the probable future range of these curves based on historical conditions.

#### OPERATING RULES

The following rules, used in the 87-41 System Regulation Study, will apply to the operation of Canadian storage in the 1986-87 Operating Year.

(a) The whole of the Canadian storage may be drafted to its Operating Rule Curve as required to produce optimum generation in Canada and the United States in accordance with Annex A, Paragraph 7, of the Treaty, subject to project physical characteristics, operating constraints, and the criteria for the Mica project listed in (d) below.

(b) The whole of Canadian storage will not be drafted below its Operating Rule Curve unless:

(1) Reservoir storage in the United States system has been drafted to its Energy Content Curve.

(2) Deliveries of secondary energy in the United States are discontinued.

(3) Committed firm thermal and miscellaneous resources not displaced by surplus firm hydro resources are in operation or other replacement energy has been secured from sources other than those committed.

(c) When the conditions of (b) above are met, and it is necessary to draft additional storage to produce optimum generation as determined by the Critical Period System Regulation study, the whole of the Canadian storage and

reservoir storage in the United States system will be drafted proportionately between its Operating Rule Curve or Energy Content Curve, respectively, and its Critical Rule Curve. The proportionate draft will be made, if necessary, first to the first year Critical Rule Curve, then between the first and second year Critical Rule Curve, the second and third year Critical Rule Curve, etc. When it is necessary to operate the whole of the Canadian storage and the United States reservoir storage below their lowest Critical Rule Curves, each shall be operated proportionately between its lowest Critical Rule Curve and its normal minimum content. However, Mica Reservoir will continue to be operated in accordance with (d) below, so as to optimize generation at site as well as downstream in the United States. In the event the Mica operation results in less than the project's proportional share of draft from the whole of Canadian storage, compensating drafts will be made from Arrow and Duncan to the extent possible.

(d) Mica project operation will be determined by the end of previous period Arrow storage content as shown in the table on page 13 and as qualified in (1) to (3) below:

(1) Mica monthly outflows will be increased in the months from October to June if required to avoid violation of the Upper Rule Curve.

(2) Mica Monthly average outflows will be decreased to minimum if required to avoid withdrawing more than 7 million acre-feet of storage.

(3) Under this Assured Operating Plan, Mica storage releases in excess of the 7 million acre-feet that are required to maintain the minimum Mica outflows specified under this plan will be retained in the Arrow reservoir, subject to flood control criteria at Arrow. The total combined storage draft from Mica and Arrow will not exceed 14.1 million acre-feet unless flood control criteria will not permit the additional Mica storage releases for minimum flow purposes to be retained at Arrow. Should storage

releases in excess of 14.1 million acre-feet be made, the target Mica operation will remain as specified in the table on page 13.

Revelstoke has been included in the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan and has been operated as a run-of-river project.

MICA PROJECT OPERATING CRITERIA

<u>Month</u>	<u>End of Previous Period Arrow Storage Content (KSF)</u>	<u>Target Operation Period Average Outflow (CFS)</u>	<u>End-Of-Period Treaty Storage Content (KSF)</u>	<u>Minimum Outflow (CFS)</u>
August 1-15	2,400 - FULL 0 - 2,400	- 30,000	3,529.2	10,000
August 16-31	2,500 - FULL 0 - 2,500	30,000	3,529.2	10,000
September	2,400 - FULL 0 - 2,400	30,000	3,529.2	10,000
October	2,800 - FULL 0 - 2,800	10,000 30,000	-	10,000
November	3,450 - FULL 3,300 - 3,450 0 - 3,300	14,000 23,000 30,000	-	10,000
December	3,450 - FULL 2,500 - 3,450 0 - 2,500	25,000 30,000 34,000	-	15,000
January	2,900 - FULL 1,800 - 2,900 0 - 1,800	25,000 30,000 34,000	-	15,000
February	1,600 - FULL 0 - 1,600	25,000 30,000	-	15,000
March	200 - FULL 0 - 200	15,000 20,000	-	15,000
April 1-15	150 - FULL 0 - 150	15,000 20,000	-	15,000
April 16-30	200 - FULL 0 - 200	10,000 20,000	-	10,000
May	250 - FULL 0 - 250	10,000 18,000	-	10,000
June	600 - FULL 0 - 600	- 20,000	3,529.2	10,000
July	0 - FULL	-	3,529.2	10,000

## IMPLEMENTATION

The Entities have agreed that each year a Detailed Operating Plan will be prepared for the immediately succeeding operating year. Such Detailed Operating Plans are made under authority of Article XIV 2.(k) of the Columbia River Treaty which states:

". . . the powers and the duties of the entities include:

(k) preparation and implementation of detailed operating plans that may produce results more advantageous to both countries than those that would arise from operation under the plans referred to in Annexes A and B."

The Detailed Operating Plan for 1986-87 will reflect the latest available load, resource, and other pertinent data to the extent the Entities agree these data should be included in the plan. Beginning on 1 January 1986, the Assured Operating Plan contained herein will be reviewed and the data and criteria updated, as agreed by the Entities, to form the basis for a Detailed Operating Plan for the 1986-87 Operating Year. Failing agreement on updating the Assured Operating Plan, the Detailed Operating Plan will include all data and criteria given in this Assured Operating Plan. Actual operation during the 1986-87 Operating Year shall be guided by the Detailed Operating Plan.

The operating rules to be used in implementation of the Detailed Operating Plan are generally the same as the operating rules described in this document.

The values used in the Assured Operating Plan studies to define the various rule curves were month-end values only. In actual day-to-day operation, it is necessary to operate in such a manner during the course of each month that these month-end values can be observed in accordance with the operating rules. Because of the normal variation of power load and streamflow during any month, straight line interpolation between the month-end points should not be assumed.

During the storage drawdown season, Canadian storage should not be drafted below its month-end point at any time during the month unless it can be conservatively demonstrated that sufficient inflow is available, in excess of the minimum outflow required to serve power demand, to refill the reservoir to its end-of-month value as required. During the storage evacuation and refill season, operation will be consistent with the Flood Control Operating Plan. When refill of Canadian storage is being guided by Flood Control Refill Curves,<sup>5</sup> such curves will be computed on a day-by-day basis using the residual volume-of-inflow forecasts depleted by the volume required for minimum outflow from each day through the end of the refill season.

#### REFERENCES

- 1 Principles and Procedures for the Preparation and Use of Hydroelectric Operating Plans dated 1 May 1979.
- 2 Treaty between Canada and the United States of America relating to Cooperative Development of the Water Resources of the Columbia River Basin dated 17 January 1961.
- 3 Protocol -- Annex to Exchange of Notes dated 22 January 1964.
- 4 Terms of Sale -- Attachment to Exchange of Notes dated 22 January 1964.
- 5 Columbia River Treaty Flood Control Operating Plan dated October 1972.

- 6 BPA Hydroelectric Power Planning Program, Assured Operating Plan 40-year System Regulation Study 87-41, dated 8 October 1981.
  
- 7 Provisional Report on Modified Flows at Selected Sites, 1928 to 1968 for the 1970 and 2020 Level of Development, Columbia River and Coastal Basins, Columbia River Water Management Group, Revision 2, dated April 1974 and May 1974, respectively.
  
- 8 Summary of End-of-month Reservoir Storage Requirement from Columbia River Flood Regulation Studies dated April 1973 and as updated March 1975.



COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY  
COMPOSITE ASSURED REFILL CURVE  
FOR THE WHOLE OF CANADIAN STORAGE  
END OF MONTH CONTENTS IN KSF0  
1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

TABLE 2

AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
37.8	329.7	1443.9	1779.7	1937.3	2003.8	2061.9	2094.3	2193.4	2099.0	2110.2	3407.1	6280.1	7814.6

COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY  
COMPOSITE VARIABLE REFILL CURVES  
FOR THE WHOLE OF CANADIAN STORAGE  
END OF MONTH CONTENTS IN KSF  
1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

TABLE 3

FLOW  
YEAR

	AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
1928-29							5322.7	5335.5	5596.6	5523.9	5451.1	5537.3	6901.8	7814.6
1929-30							3386.3	3016.8	3069.3	3217.0	3364.4	4345.9	6598.5	..
1930-31							3762.4	3556.8	3841.1	3853.5	3866.0	4307.1	6758.9	..
1931-32							1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1187.3	5028.5	..
1932-33							..	..	..	..	..	1168.5	4687.2	..
1933-34							..	..	..	..	..	1505.2	5604.1	..
1934-35							..	1209.9	1343.7	1441.3	1545.0	2850.7	5629.8	..
1935-36							..	1226.6	1146.2	1202.1	1258.1	2863.2	6279.5	..
1936-37							5524.5	5532.1	5776.9	5731.7	5686.6	5719.7	6920.2	..
1937-38							1778.5	802.4	171.1	255.4	510.6	2187.7	5417.4	..
1938-39							3412.4	3041.5	3228.1	3296.9	3365.8	4186.1	6905.9	..
1939-40							2912.1	2553.7	2702.0	2869.3	3036.7	3861.6	6728.6	..
1940-41							4376.9	4331.6	4663.9	4882.2	5100.5	5684.4	6976.7	..
1941-42							3321.7	2927.5	2940.7	2983.5	3026.3	4137.2	6430.8	..
1942-43							2339.1	1860.8	1831.0	2032.1	2232.9	3726.1	5914.4	..
1943-44							6378.8	5150.0	6101.0	6012.5	5924.1	6097.0	7136.0	..
1944-45							5712.8	5715.9	5937.2	5845.7	5754.1	5884.8	6983.5	..
1945-46							1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1189.0	5245.8	..
1946-47							..	..	..	45.3	90.6	1913.6	5423.3	..
1947-48							..	..	..	0.0	0.0	1370.9	5229.4	..
1948-49							2101.9	1670.3	1680.9	2043.9	2406.9	3755.3	6673.8	..
1949-50							1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1544.1	4656.2	..
1950-51							..	..	..	183.2	366.4	1930.3	5518.9	..
1951-52							..	..	261.2	357.3	602.9	2362.1	5658.1	..
1952-53							..	1040.8	940.9	1091.1	1243.7	2622.2	5580.9	..
1953-54							..	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	860.4	4605.8	..
1954-55							..	..	462.8	541.1	769.0	2208.0	4933.8	..
1955-56							..	..	171.1	0.0	0.0	1625.8	5322.4	..
1956-57							..	..	..	..	..	1486.7	5793.6	..
1957-58							..	..	..	..	..	1303.2	5385.4	..
1958-59							..	..	..	..	..	1047.9	4787.9	..
1959-60							..	..	..	321.9	643.7	2212.6	5118.9	..
1960-61							..	..	..	0.0	0.0	1103.0	5017.4	..
1961-62							..	..	482.3	672.1	866.9	2583.0	5504.3	..
1962-63							..	964.2	1038.9	1176.9	1462.3	2997.8	5749.9	..
1963-64							..	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	998.8	4433.7	..
1964-65							..	..	..	241.8	483.6	2249.3	5331.5	..
1965-66							..	..	560.2	676.9	940.7	2330.5	5637.8	..
1966-67							..	..	171.1	0.0	0.0	40.1	3972.7	..
1967-68							..	..	..	..	..	778.7	4566.7	..

FLOOD CONTROL STORAGE RESERVATION CURVES  
DUNGAN  
KSFQ  
1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

TABLE 4

	AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
	705.8	705.8	705.8	705.8	705.8	504.1	397.2	303.0	303.0	311.0	324.6	416.4	560.6	705.8
1928-29														
1929-30	..	..	..	..	..	..	385.7	281.3	281.3	289.9	304.0	408.8	553.0	..
1930-31	..	..	..	..	..	..	368.5	248.0	248.0	257.1	272.7	377.1	540.9	..
1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	272.2	65.5	65.5	80.6	108.9	281.3	609.5	..
1932-33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75.1	94.2	191.5	573.2	..
1933-34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	127.0	339.8	605.5	..
1934-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	83.7	187.0	488.0	..
1935-36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71.1	119.5	351.9	705.8	..
1936-37	..	..	..	..	..	..	353.9	219.8	219.8	229.4	246.0	356.9	530.9	..
1937-38	..	..	..	..	..	..	272.2	65.5	65.5	77.1	83.7	217.3	542.4	..
1938-39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	82.6	107.4	385.7	785.8	..
1939-40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	78.1	103.8	..	..	..
1940-41	..	..	..	..	..	..	321.1	156.3	156.3	167.3	186.0	311.0	508.2	..
1941-42	..	..	..	..	..	..	302.0	121.0	121.0	131.0	155.2	291.9	483.0	..
1942-43	..	..	..	..	..	..	305.0	126.0	126.0	141.1	172.9	248.0	647.8	..
1943-44	..	..	..	..	..	..	392.7	294.4	294.4	302.5	316.6	418.4	557.6	..
1944-45	..	..	..	..	..	..	361.5	234.4	234.4	235.9	236.9	349.9	567.7	..
1945-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	272.2	65.5	65.5	75.6	95.8	322.1	647.3	..
1946-47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	77.1	101.8	314.1	629.7	..
1947-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	65.5	300.4	705.8	..
1948-49	..	..	..	..	..	..	348.3	208.7	208.7	215.2	236.9	408.8	..	..
1949-50	..	..	..	..	..	..	272.2	65.5	65.5	72.1	84.7	184.0	525.3	..
1950-51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	79.6	103.3	285.3	534.4	..
1951-52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	67.5	92.2	255.1	..
1952-53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.1	84.7	234.4	522.8	..
1953-54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	73.1	84.2	236.9	547.5	..
1954-55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72.1	80.6	154.7	488.5	..
1955-56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26.7	26.7	26.7	26.7	239.9	578.2	..
1956-57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	65.5	74.6	89.7	376.1	655.9	..
1957-58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	77.1	96.3	359.4	705.8	..
1958-59	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	65.5	129.5	513.7	..
1959-60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	161.3	545.5	..
1960-61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	193.6	785.8	..
1961-62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	78.1	..	545.5	..
1962-63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963-64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	161.3	513.7	..
1964-65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	129.5	225.3	545.5	..
1965-66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	97.3	..	..	..
1966-67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65.5	193.6	577.7	..
1967-68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	513.7	..

FLOOD CONTROL STORAGE RESERVATION CURVES  
ARROW

TABLE 5

KSF0  
1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

	AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
1928-29	3579.6	3579.6	3579.6	3453.6	3453.6	3075.4	3075.4	3075.4	3075.4	3088.5	3111.2	3235.8	3579.6	3579.6
1929-30	..	..	..	..	..	..	3060.8	3047.7	3033.1	3047.2	3071.9	3207.0	..	..
1930-31	..	..	..	..	..	..	3075.4	3075.4	3075.4	3088.5	3111.2	3235.8	..	..
1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1015.9	1126.8	2224.4	..	..
1932-33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1008.3	1036.6	1761.6	3034.6	..
1933-34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1784.8	2327.2	3579.6	..
1934-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1008.3	1725.8	3034.6	..
1935-36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1069.9	1373.4	2134.7	3579.6	..
1936-37	..	..	..	..	..	..	2998.3	2927.7	2850.6	2869.7	2902.5	3082.5	..	..
1937-38	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1083.0	1278.1	1831.1	3147.5	..
1938-39	..	..	..	..	..	..	2637.8	2243.6	1805.9	1869.5	1983.4	2735.1	3579.6	..
1939-40	..	..	..	..	..	..	2849.6	2645.4	2420.0	2454.8	2536.0	2999.8	..	..
1940-41	..	..	..	..	..	..	3075.4	3075.4	3075.4	3088.5	3111.2	3235.8	..	..
1941-42	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1064.8	1149.5	1934.0	..	..
1942-43	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1111.2	1321.9	1440.4	2389.3	..
1943-44	..	..	..	..	..	..	3075.4	3075.4	3075.4	3088.5	3111.2	3235.8	3579.6	..
1944-45	..	..	..	..	..	..	2641.8	2251.6	1818.0	1842.7	1908.3	2477.0	3368.4	..
1945-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1072.4	1242.3	2201.2	3579.6	..
1946-47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1075.4	1360.8	2147.3	..	..
1947-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1036.6	1183.3	2216.8	..	..
1948-49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1144.5	1375.9	2494.6	..	..
1949-50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1103.6	1113.7	1113.7	2232.5	..
1950-51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1052.2	1101.1	1355.2	3338.1	..
1951-52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1069.9	1345.1	1792.3	3013.9	..
1952-53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1057.3	1172.7	1476.2	..	..
1953-54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1134.4	1628.0	1898.2	..
1954-55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1075.4	1090.5	1653.7	3224.7	..
1955-56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	857.1	0.0	0.0	289.9	1367.3	2763.4	..
1956-57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1719.2	1008.3	1077.9	1224.1	2651.4	3579.6	..
1957-58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1046.7	1190.9	2242.5	..	..
1958-59	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1008.3	1008.3	1394.0	3322.5	..
1959-60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1779.7	3579.6	..
1960-61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1651.2	..	..
1961-62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2036.8	3322.5	..
1962-63	..	..	..	..	..	..	2484.5	1950.1	1359.2	1359.2	1359.2	1914.3	3579.6	..
1963-64	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1008.3	1008.3	1265.5	3322.5	..
1964-65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1651.2	3579.6	..
1965-66	..	..	..	..	..	..	2528.4	2034.8	1487.8	1487.8	1487.8	2324.7	..	..
1966-67	..	..	..	..	..	..	2364.6	1719.2	1008.3	1008.3	1008.3	1394.0	3322.5	..
1967-68	..	..	..	..	..	..	2367.1	1723.8	1015.4	1015.4	1015.4	1528.6	3579.6	..

FLOOD CONTROL STORAGE RESERVATION CURVES  
 NICA  
 KSFD  
 1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

TABLE 6

	AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
1928-29	3529.2	3529.2	3529.2	3428.4	3428.4	3428.4	3406.7	3387.0	3365.3	3369.9	3380.5	3412.2	3469.7	3529.2
1929-30	??	??	??	??	??	??	3378.5	3332.6	3282.7	3290.2	3305.9	3353.2	3448.0	??
1930-31	??	??	??	??	??	??	3428.4	3428.4	3428.4	3431.4	3437.9	3457.1	3492.9	??
1931-32	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1932-33	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1933-34	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1934-35	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1935-36	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1936-37	??	??	??	??	??	??	3353.2	3283.7	3208.5	3218.1	3238.3	3300.8	3413.2	??
1937-38	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1938-39	??	??	??	??	??	??	3213.1	3018.5	2806.7	2828.4	2873.8	3013.9	3267.5	??
1939-40	??	??	??	??	??	??	3296.8	3174.3	3042.7	3057.3	3088.1	3182.3	3353.2	??
1940-41	??	??	??	??	??	??	3428.4	3428.4	3428.4	3431.4	3437.9	3457.1	3492.9	??
1941-42	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1942-43	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1943-44	??	??	??	??	??	??	3428.4	3428.4	3428.4	3431.4	3437.9	3457.1	3492.9	??
1944-45	??	??	??	??	??	??	3214.6	3021.5	2811.3	2832.9	2878.3	3017.5	3269.6	??
1945-46	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1946-47	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1947-48	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1948-49	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1949-50	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1950-51	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1951-52	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1952-53	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1953-54	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1954-55	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1955-56	??	??	??	??	??	3025.0	2867.1	1858.8	100.9	100.9	100.9	883.7	2363.6	??
1956-57	??	??	??	??	??	3428.4	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1957-58	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1958-59	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1959-60	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1960-61	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1961-62	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1962-63	??	??	??	??	??	??	3150.6	2902.0	2626.7	2654.0	2710.4	2885.9	3202.5	??
1963-64	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1964-65	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??	??
1965-66	??	??	??	??	??	??	3168.7	2936.3	2680.2	2705.9	2759.3	2923.7	3221.7	??
1966-67	??	??	??	??	??	??	3100.7	2808.2	2480.5	2511.8	2577.8	2781.5	3149.6	??
1967-68	??	??	??	??	??	??	3101.7	2810.3	2483.6	2514.8	2580.9	2783.5	3150.6	??

COLUMBIA RIVER TREATY  
COMPOSITE OPERATING RULE CURVES  
FOR THE WHOLE OF CANADIAN STORAGE  
END OF MONTH CONTENTS IN KSF  
1986-87 OPERATING YEAR

TABLE 7

FLOW YEAR	AUG15	AUG31	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR15	APR30	MAY	JUN	JUL
1928-29	7814.6	7814.6	7797.7	7587.8	7130.6	5754.4	3717.8	2473.2	2197.9	2099.0	2110.2	3487.1	6372.6	7814.6
1929-30	..	..	..	..	..	..	2977.4	2179.0	..	..	..	..	6364.0	..
1930-31	..	..	..	..	..	..	3455.7	2473.2	..	..	..	..	6372.6	..
1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1187.3	5828.5	..
1932-33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1168.5	4687.2	..
1933-34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1505.2	5604.1	..
1934-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1209.9	1335.5	1411.0	1545.0	2850.7	5629.0	..
1935-36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1226.6	1146.2	1202.1	1258.1	2863.2	6279.5	..
1936-37	..	..	..	..	..	..	3717.8	2473.2	2197.9	2099.0	2110.2	3487.1	6372.6	..
1937-38	..	..	..	..	..	..	1778.5	802.4	171.1	255.4	510.6	2187.7	5417.4	..
1938-39	..	..	..	..	..	..	3161.0	2335.9	2168.9	2081.5	2098.7	3452.2	6372.6	..
1939-40	..	..	..	..	..	..	2912.1	2198.6	2165.0	2083.6	2106.8	3454.4	..	..
1940-41	..	..	..	..	..	..	3635.6	2473.2	2197.9	2099.0	2110.2	3487.1	..	..
1941-42	..	..	..	..	..	..	2901.2	1711.3	1757.7	1831.1	1971.9	3312.4	6259.0	..
1942-43	..	..	..	..	..	..	2339.1	1540.9	1566.6	1738.1	1976.8	3425.4	5914.4	..
1943-44	..	..	..	..	..	..	3717.8	2473.2	2197.9	2099.0	2110.2	3487.1	6372.6	..
1944-45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1945-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1189.0	5245.8	..
1946-47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45.3	90.6	1913.6	5423.3	..
1947-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.0	0.0	1370.9	5229.4	..
1948-49	..	..	..	..	..	..	2101.9	1670.3	1672.3	1855.3	2060.9	3439.0	6372.6	..
1949-50	..	..	..	..	..	..	1778.5	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	1544.1	4656.2	..
1950-51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	183.2	366.4	1930.3	5518.9	..
1951-52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	261.2	357.3	602.9	2362.1	5658.1	..
1952-53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1040.8	940.9	1091.1	1243.7	2622.2	5588.9	..
1953-54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	860.4	4605.8	..
1954-55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	462.8	541.1	769.0	2208.0	4933.8	..
1955-56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	718.2	103.2	0.0	0.0	1625.8	5235.8	..
1956-57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	802.4	171.1	..	..	1486.7	5793.6	..
1957-58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1303.2	5385.4	..
1958-59	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1047.9	4707.9	..
1959-60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	321.9	643.7	2212.6	5118.9	..
1960-61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.0	0.0	1103.0	5817.4	..
1961-62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	482.3	672.1	866.9	2583.0	5504.3	..
1962-63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	964.2	1038.9	1176.9	1435.6	2928.3	5749.9	..
1963-64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	802.4	171.1	0.0	0.0	998.8	4433.7	..
1964-65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	241.8	483.6	2249.3	5331.5	..
1965-66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	560.2	676.9	940.7	2330.5	5637.8	..
1966-67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	171.1	0.0	0.0	48.1	3972.7	..
1967-68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	778.7	4566.7	..

DETERMINATION OF DOWNSTREAM POWER BENEFITS RESULTING FROM  
CANADIAN STORAGE FOR OPERATING YEAR 1986-87  
September 1981

I. Introduction.

The Treaty between Canada and the United States of America and related documents relating to the cooperative development of the water resources of the Columbia River Basin require that downstream power benefits from Canadian storage be determined in advance by the two Entities. The purpose of this report is to set out the results of downstream power benefit computations for the sixth succeeding year, 1986-87, and for the storage for which the Assured Operating Plan was developed.

The procedures followed in the benefit studies are those provided in Annex A, Paragraph 7; in Annex B of the Treaty; in Articles VIII, IX, and X of the Protocol; and in the document, "Columbia River Treaty Principles and Procedures for Preparation and Use of Hydroelectric Operating Plans," dated May 1979 (POP).

The Canadian Entitlement Benefits were computed as follows:

- Step I - based on the total U.S. planned hydro and thermal system with 15-1/2 maf of Canadian storage operated for optimum generation in both countries (87-41 study).
- Step II - based on the U.S. base hydro and thermal system with 15-1/2 maf of Canadian storage operated for optimum generation in both countries (87-42 study).
- Step III - based on the U.S. base hydro and thermal system operated for optimum generation in the U.S. (87-13 study).

As part of the determination of downstream power benefits for the operating year 1986-87, separate determinations were carried out relating to the limit of year-to-year change in benefits attributable to the operation of Canadian storage in operating plans designed to achieve optimum generation at-site in Canada and downstream in Canada and the United States of America.

II. Results of Study.

- (a) The Canadian Entitlement, which is one-half the total computed downstream power benefits, was computed to be:

Dependable Capacity	=	1,402.0 MW
Average Annual Energy	=	555.5 MW

- (b) One-half of the downstream power benefits determined for 15 maf of Canadian storage operated for optimum generation in the United States was computed to be:

Dependable Capacity = 1,377.0 MW  
Average Annual Energy = 550.0 MW

In accordance with Part III, Paragraph 15c(2) of POP, the minimum permitted downstream power benefits for the 1986-87 operating year are as follows:

Dependable Capacity = 1,401.0 - (1,401.0 - 1,377.0) = 1,377.0 MW  
Average Annual Energy = 529.5 - (533.0 - 550.0) = 546.5 MW

The above computations are based on the formula  $X - (Y - Z)$ , where the quantities X, Y, and Z are defined in POP. The quantities X and Y are derived from the downstream power benefit computations set out in the 1985-86 agreement. The computed downstream power benefits exceed these amounts.

### III. Effect on Canadian Entitlement.

The Canadian Entitlement to downstream power benefits was sold to the United States of America under the Canadian Entitlement Purchase Agreement dated 13 August 1964. The Canadian Entitlement which has been sold for 1986-87 assumes optimum generation downstream in the United States alone. The Canadian Entitlement determined for the conditions above would have been:

Dependable Capacity = 1/2 of 2,804 MW or 1,402.0 MW  
Average Annual Energy = 1/2 of 1,120 MW or 560.0 MW

Since the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan was in fact designed to achieve optimum generation at-site in Canada and downstream in the United States of America, Section 7 of the Agreement requires that "any reduction in the Canadian Entitlement resulting from action taken pursuant to Paragraph 7 of Annex A of the Treaty shall be determined in accordance with Subsection (3) of Section 6 of this Agreement." The Canadian Entitlement of downstream power benefits under the 1986-87 Assured Operating Plan was determined as:

Dependable Capacity = 1/2 of 2,804 MW or 1,402.0 MW  
Average Annual Energy = 1/2 of 1,111 MW or 555.5 MW

The comparison indicates a reduction in Canadian Entitlement of 4.5 average megawatts of average annual usable energy, but no reduction in dependable capacity. This reduction would be in respect of the period 1 April 1986 through 31 March 1987 in accordance with POP.

The Entities are agreed that the United States Entity is entitled to receive during the period 1 April 1986 through 31 March 1987, from B.C. Hydro & Power Authority, 4.5 average megawatts of energy in accordance with Sections 7 and 10 of the Canadian Entitlement Purchase Agreement dated 13 August 1964.

IV. Computation of Entitlement.

The following Tables and Charts are attached and summarize the study:

Table 1. Computation of Canadian Entitlement

The essential elements used in the computation of the Canadian Entitlement as provided in Paragraphs 2 and 3 of Annex B are shown in this table.

Table 2. Summary of Power Regulations for the Computation of Canadian Entitlement to Downstream Benefits

This table summarizes the Step I, II, and III regulations by projects.

Table 3. Determination of Load Shape for Steps II and III, Canadian Entitlement Computation

The load shape for Steps II and III carry the same ratio between each month and the annual average as does the Pacific Northwest area load. The Northwest area firm loads on this table were based on the current forecast data. The Grand Coulee pumping load is also included in this estimate.

The firm load for Steps II and III is computed as follows:

- (1) Estimate the hydro nominal prime power for the critical period;
- (2) Add the thermal from Step I less reserve;
- (3) Multiply (2) by the ratio of the area annual average firm load to the area critical period firm load to obtain the annual average firm load for Steps II and III (the ratios used in this study were 0.98434 and 0.94594, respectively);
- (4) Pro rate the average annual Step II and III load determined in (3) by months in the ratio that each monthly area load bears to the annual average area load; and

- (5) Subtract the thermal in each month to obtain the monthly firm hydro load. The average annual hydro loads for Steps II and III also become the firm energy considered usable according to Annex B, Paragraph 3(a).

Charts 1 & 2. Secondary Energy Duration Curve, Steps II and III

These charts are duration curves of the secondary energy for Steps II and III. The secondary energy is the capability each month which exceeds the firm hydro loads shown in Table 3. The usable secondary energy shown in average megawatts for each step is computed in accordance with Annex B, Paragraphs 3(b) and 3(c). The "other usable secondary" was computed on the basis of 40 percent of the remainder after thermal replacement. The thermal replacement was limited to the existing and scheduled thermal energy capability after allowance for reserve and minimum thermal generation, except when an energy surplus condition occurs; then the thermal replacement must not exceed the total of the thermal energy required to supply firm plus the estimated secondary load.

Thermal Energy Capability - MW	8,052 <u>1/</u>
Less Minimum Thermal Generation	<u>1,842</u>
Potential Thermal Replacement - MW	6,210

The following tabulation shows the ordinate values for usable secondary energy:

	<u>Step II</u>	<u>Step III</u>
Thermal Replacement	6,210	6,210
Other	<u>1,634</u>	<u>2,442</u>
Total - MW	7,844	8,652

1/ Thermal energy capabilities are based on an annual plant factor of 60 percent the first full year of operation and 75 percent thereafter. These annual plant factor include deductions for energy reserves and scheduled maintenance.

TABLE 1

COMPUTATION OF CANADIAN ENTITLEMENT  
1986-1987

Generation Figures are in Average Megawatts; Load Factors, in Percent

Determination of Dependable Capacity Credited to Canadian Storage

Critical Period Average Rate of Generation with Canadian Storage, Step II . . . . .	8,963
Critical Period Average Rate of Generation without Canadian Storage Step III . . . . .	<u>7,000</u>
Gain Due to Canadian Storage . . . . .	1,963
Estimated Average Critical Period Load Factor -- Percent . . . . .	70.012
Dependable Capacity Gain <u>1/</u> . . . . .	2,804
Canadian Share of Dependable Capacity . . . . .	1,402

Determination of Increase in Average Annual Usable Energy

Step II (with Canadian Storage)

Annual Firm Hydro Energy . . . . .	8,697
Thermal Replacement Energy . . . . .	2,195
Other Usable Secondary Energy . . . . .	225
System Annual Average Usable Energy . . . . .	<u>11,117</u>

Step III (without Canadian Storage)

Annual Firm Hydro Energy . . . . .	6,186
Thermal Replacement Energy . . . . .	3,206
Other Usable Secondary Energy . . . . .	614
System Annual Average Usable Energy . . . . .	<u>10,006</u>

Average Annual Usable Energy Gain . . . . .	1,111
Canadian Share of Average Annual Energy Gain . . . . .	555.

1/ Dependable capacity gain credited to Canadian storage equals gain in critical period average rate of generation divided by the estimated average critical period load factor.

SUMMARY OF POWER REGULATIONS FROM 1986-87  
FOR THE  
COMPUTATION OF CANADIAN ENTITLEMENT  
TO DOWNSTREAM BENEFITS

TABLE 2

BASIC DATA			STEP I			STEP II				STEP III			
PROJECTS	Number of Units	Nominal Installed Peaking Capacity MW	Usable Storage 1000 AF	January Peaking Capability MW	Critical Period Average Generation MW	Usable Storage 1000 AF	January Peaking Capability MW	Critical Period Average Generation MW	Average Annual Generation MW	Usable Storage 1000 AF	January Peaking Capability MW	Critical Period Average Generation MW	Average Annual Generation MW
<b>CANADIAN</b>													
Mica			7,000			7,000							
Arrow			7,100			7,100							
Duncan			1,400			1,400							
Subtotal			15,500			15,500							
<b>BASE FEDERAL SYSTEM</b>													
Hungry Horse	4	328	3,141	258	97	3,008	240	115	102	3,008	280	213	101
Albert Falls	3	49	1,135	24	25	1,135	23	23	23	1,135	24	25	25
Grand Coulee	24	2	6,415	5,185	2,008	5,072	6,382	1,788	2,384	5,072	5,939	1,227	2,275
Chief Joseph	27		2,412	2,412	1,086		2,412	999	1,313		2,412	712	1,250
Ice Harbor	6	693			215		693	221	501		693	170	501
McNary	14	1,127		1,127	634		1,124	588	754		1,124	431	710
John Day	16	2,484	535	2,484	920		2,484	919	1,253		2,484	685	1,220
The Dalles	22	2,018		2,018	815		2,018	792	1,035		2,018	634	1,013
Bonneville	18	1,114		1,114	609		1,114	589	734		1,114	466	703
Subtotal		18,940	10,036	10,532	6,511	9,235	16,490	6,014	7,887	9,235	10,088	4,562	7,594
<b>BASE SYSTEM NON-FEDERAL</b>													
Kootenay Lake (Canadian)			649			427				427			
Kerr	3	160	1,219	152	113	1,219	151	101	113	1,219	150	139	114
Thompson Falls	6	40		40	34		40	38	32		40	37	32
Neena Rapids	5	554	231	535	147		553	139	209		553	139	209
Cabinet Gorge	4	227		227	103		227	91	120		227	103	120
Box Canyon	4	74		71	46		71	44	48		71	51	48
Coeur d'Alene & Long Lake			327			223				223			
Wells	10	820		820	395		820	368	458		820	365	428
Chelan	2	54	677	51	38	676	51	38	45	676	51	49	45
Rocky Beach	11	1,267		1,267	571		1,267	535	689		1,267	383	650
Rock Island	18	544		544	277		544	240	327		544	183	301
Wenasup	10	986		986	525		986	494	612		986	348	558
Priest Rapids	10	912		912	412		912	486	583		912	356	530
Brownlee	5	675	980	675	203	974	675	217	268	974	675	250	258
Oubow	4	220		220	84		220	108	114		220	114	113
Subtotal		6,333	4,083	6,500	3,056	3,519	6,517	3,649	3,618	3,519	6,518	2,437	3,410
TOTAL BASE SYSTEM HYDRO		23,173	29,619	23,032	9,467	28,254	23,007	8,943	11,505	11,754	22,604	7,000	11,008
<b>ADDITIONAL STEP I PROJECTS</b>													
Libby	4	483	4,980	394	194								
Boundary	4	655		655	361								
Spokane River Plants		157		155	91								
Hells Canyon	3	450		433	188								
Douglas	3	460	2,015	460	185								
Lower Granite	6	930		930	215								
Little Goose	6	930		930	214								
Lower Monumental	6	930		930	214								
Pelton, Hargis, & Round Butte		469	274	448	132								
Subtotal		3,494	7,269	3,335	1,775								
Independent Resources		4,991	8,483	4,215	1,810								
TOTAL HYDRO RESOURCES		33,628	45,371	32,382	13,052								
<b>MISCELLANEOUS CONTRACTS</b>													
				132	98								
<b>THERMAL RESOURCES 1/</b>													
Small Existing Thermal Plants				1,480	411								
WPE				0	477								
Centralia #1 & #2				1,280	896								
Jim Bridger #1, #2, #3, & #4				2,040	1,439								
Colstrip #1 & #2				330	251								
Trojan				1,080	786								
Boardman				530	406								
Valley				250	210								
WNP #2				1,100	794								
Colstrip #3 & #4				815	693								
WNP #1				1,250	715								
WNP #3				1,240	478								
WNP #4				0	108								
Crescon				0	28								
Added Thermal Requirement				803	262								
TOTAL THERMAL RESOURCES				12,094	8,052								
TOTAL IMPORTS				236	268								
ESTIMATED HYDRO MAINTENANCE				-963	-101								
TOTAL RESOURCES (HYDRO AND THERMAL)				44,081	21,369								
RESERVES 2/				-2,868	0								
RESOURCES AVAILABLE FOR LOAD				41,213	21,369								
<b>ESTIMATED LOAD</b>													
Pacific Northwest Area				35,854	21,369								
SURPLUS OR (DEFICIT)				5,359	0								
<b>CRITICAL PERIOD</b>													
Starts:				September 1928				September 1943				September 16, 1936	
Ends:				February 1932				April 1945				April 15, 1937	
Length (Months):				42 Months				20 Months				7 Months	
Study Identification				87-41				87-42				87-13	

1/ Thermal energy capabilities are based on an annual plant factor of 60 percent the first full year of operation and 75 percent thereafter. These annual plant factors include deductions for energy reserves and scheduled maintenance.

2/ Peak reserves are 8 percent of peak load; energy reserve deductions have been included in thermal plant energy capability.

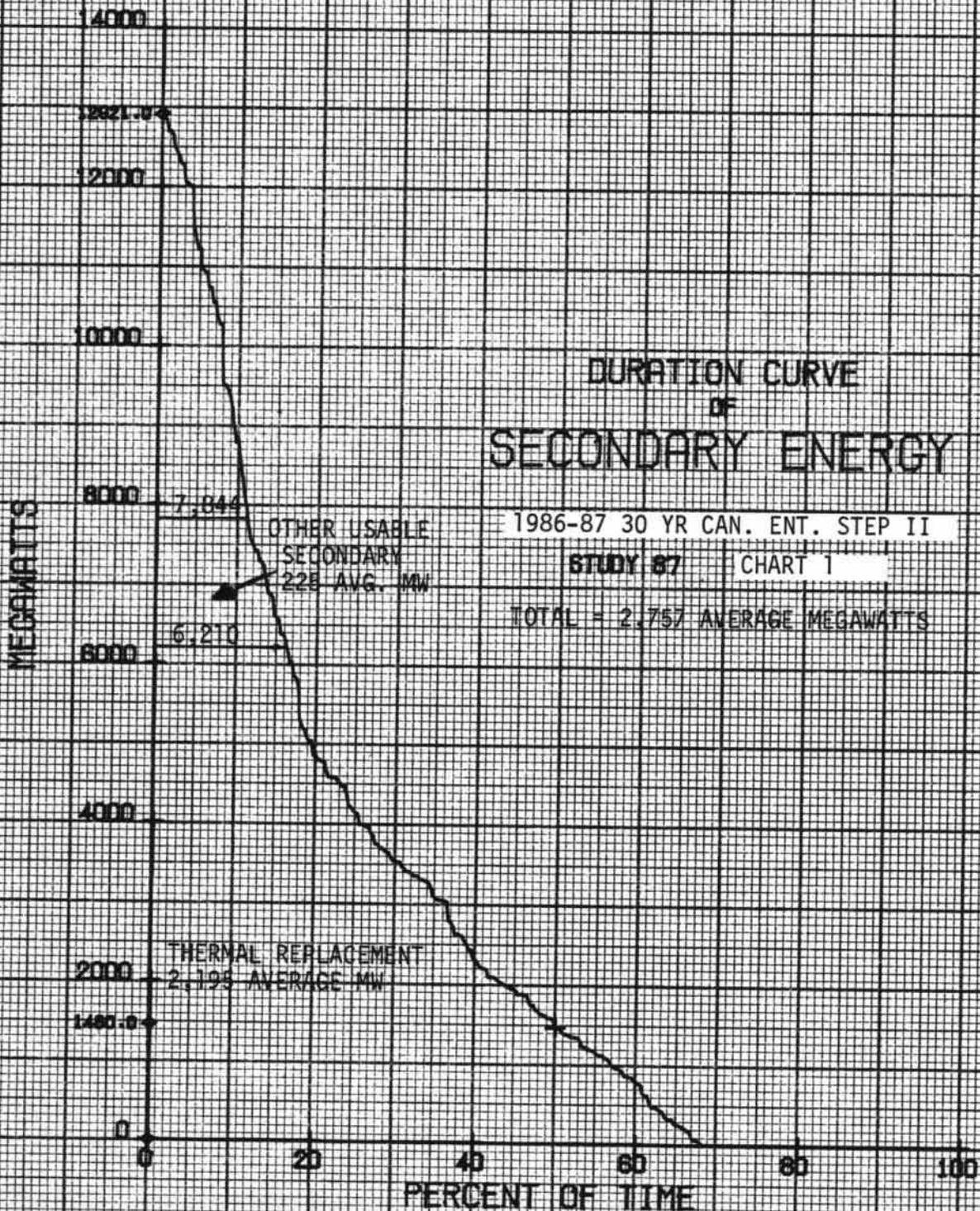
DETERMINATION OF LOAD SHAPE FOR STEPS II AND III  
1986-87 CANADIAN ENTITLEMENT COMPUTATIONS

	Pacific Northwest Area Load			Step II			Step III		
	Peak	Avg.	Load Factor %	Total Firm Load 1/	Thermal Firm Load	Hydro Firm Load	Total Firm Load 1/	Thermal Firm Load	Hydro Firm Load
Aug. 1-15	26,631*	18,985	71.29	14,987	8,052	6,935	12,741	8,052	4,689
Aug. 16-31	26,539*	18,893	71.19	14,915	8,052	6,863	12,679	8,052	4,627
Sept. 1-15	26,598*	18,247	68.60	14,405	8,052	6,353	12,246	8,052	4,194
Sept. 16-30	26,553*	18,209	68.58	14,375	8,052	6,323	12,220	8,052	4,168
October	29,030*	19,541	67.31	15,426	8,052	7,374	13,114	8,052	5,062
November	32,352*	22,534	69.65	17,789	8,052	9,737	15,123	8,052	7,071
December	34,697*	24,188	69.71	19,095	8,052	11,043	16,233	8,052	8,181
January	35,854*	25,524	71.19	20,150	8,052	12,098	17,130	8,052	9,078
February	33,391*	23,696	70.97	18,706	8,052	10,654	15,903	8,052	7,851
March	31,045*	22,165	71.40	17,498	8,052	9,446	14,875	8,052	6,823
Apr. 1-15	29,469*	20,548	69.73	16,221	8,052	8,169	13,790	8,052	5,738
Apr. 16-30	29,469*	20,563	69.78	16,233	8,052	8,181	13,800	8,052	5,748
May	28,655*	19,741	68.89	15,584	8,052	7,532	13,248	8,052	5,196
June	28,014*	19,918	71.10	15,724	8,052	7,672	13,367	8,052	5,315
July	27,691*	19,686	71.09	15,541	8,052	7,489	13,212	8,052	5,160
Critical Period Avg.		21,553	70.012	17,015	8,052	8,963	15,052	8,052	7,000
Annual Average		21,216		16,749	8,052	8,697	14,238	8,052	6,186
January Peak	35,854*								
Step I Critical Period Sep. 1, 1928 - Feb. 29, 1932 42 Months				Critical Period Sep. 1943 - Apr. 1945 20 Months			Critical Period Sep. 16, 1936 - Apr. 15, 1937 7 Months		

1/ Total firm load of Step II and Step III systems, computed for each system to have an average energy load equivalent to the average energy capability within the critical period and to bear a constant ratio, month by month, to the Pacific Northwest Area Load.

\* Figures so marked are peak megawatts. All other figures are monthly or semi-monthly energy in average megawatts.

# DURATION CURVE OF SECONDARY ENERGY



1986-87 30 YR CAN. ENT. STEP II

STUDY 87 CHART 1

TOTAL = 2,757 AVERAGE MEGAWATTS

# DURATION CURVE OF SECONDARY ENERGY

1986-87 30 YR. CAN. ENT. STEP III

STUDY 87

CHART 2

TOTAL = 4,740 AVERAGE MW

MEGAWATTS

16000  
15809.0  
14000  
12000  
10000  
8000  
6000  
4000  
2870.0  
2000  
0

8,652  
OTHER USABLE  
SECONDARY  
614 AVG. MW

6,210

THERMAL REPLACEMENT  
3,206 AVERAGE MW

PERCENT OF TIME

0 20 40 60 80 100

