

# **FISH OPERATIONS PLAN IMPLEMENTATION REPORT**

## **June 2014**

**Submitted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers  
Northwestern Division  
Portland, OR**

### **Introduction:**

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) is submitting this report in accordance with the 2014 Spring and Summer Fish Operations Plans (2014 FOPs) posted to the TMT website on April 1, 2014 and June 13, 2014. The 2014 FOPs describe the Corps' project operations for fish passage at its Federal Columbia River Power System (FCRPS) dams during the spring fish migration season, generally April through August. To the extent Corps project operations that are not specified in the 2014 FOPs, the FCRPS operations will be consistent with the 2014 NOAA Fisheries Supplemental Biological Opinion (2014 Supplemental BiOp), the USFWS 2000 and 2006 BiOps, and/or other operative documents, including the 2014 Water Management Plan (WMP), WMP seasonal updates, and the 2014 Fish Passage Plan (FPP).

The Corps' June 2014 lower Snake and Columbia River project and fish passage operations are contained in this report. In particular, information in this report includes the following:

- Hourly flow through the powerhouse at each dam;
- Hourly flow over the spillway compared to the spill target for that hour; and,
- Daily average Total Dissolved Gas (TDG) levels (percent of saturation) in the tailwater at each project, and in the subsequent downstream project's forebay.<sup>1</sup>

This report also provides information on presented issues and unanticipated or emergency situations that arose during implementation of the 2014 FOPs in June.

### **Data Reporting:**

I. For each project providing fish passage operations, this report contains two graphs per operational week<sup>2</sup> in June displaying the performance of the fish passage spill program as follows:

- (A) Average %TDG Values - displayed in the upper graph.
- (B) Hourly Spill and Generation Flows - described in the lower graph.

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<sup>1</sup> Averages reported consistent with the current and applicable Oregon TDG waiver (120% tailwater) and Washington TDG criteria adjustments (120% tailwater/115% forebay). The Oregon TDG waiver and the Washington TDG criteria adjustment have different methodologies for calculating TDG. When the standards vary or conflict, the Corps applies the more stringent standard.

<sup>2</sup> Operations are implemented from Monday through Sunday.

The weekly graphs begin on June 2 and end on June 29 for the following lower Snake River and lower Columbia River projects: Lower Granite, Little Goose, Lower Monumental, Ice Harbor, McNary, John Day, The Dalles, and Bonneville.

Each figure represents one week of a project's operation. The graphs start at 0000 hours (%TDG graphs) and 0100 hours (flow/spill graphs) on June 2 for the lower Snake River and the lower Columbia River projects.

June 2 – June 8	Figures 1 – 8
June 9 – June 15	Figures 9 – 16
June 16 – June 22	Figures 17 – 24
June 23 – June 29	Figures 25 – 32

A. Upper Graph: Displays the average daily %TDG for the Corps' lower Snake River and lower Columbia River projects. The Corps' objective is to operate each project in accordance with the spill levels in the 2014 FOPs; and to the extent practicable, avoid exceeding the applicable state TDG limits.

1. The green dashed line represents the Oregon 120%TDG waiver limit for the tailwater of the dam.
2. The blue dot-dash line represents the Washington 120%TDG criteria adjustment for the tailwater of the dam.
3. The black solid line represents the Washington 115%TDG criteria adjustment for the forebay of the next dam downstream.

B. Lower Graph: Displays the hourly flow and spill at each dam.

- The dashed blue line shows the flow through the powerhouse each hour, in thousand cubic feet per second (kcfs).
- The heavy grey line represents the average hourly total river flow through the project in kcfs.
- The dotted pink line represents the average hourly flow through the spillway in kcfs.
- The thin black line represents the hourly spill level as defined in the 2014 FOPs.
- The heavy green line represents the target spill. This is the hourly maximum spill level. The hourly target spill may vary as a function of total river flow, forebay elevation and generator capacity, subject to the following conditions:
  - spill percentage or flow rate specified in the 2014 FOPs;
  - spill caps as set daily for TDG management;
  - test spill levels for fish passage research;
  - minimum generation for power system needs;
  - minimum spill at Bonneville (50 kcfs) dam;
  - minimum spill at John Day is 25% of project outflow.

II. A table is included at the end of the figures that lists the average daily %TDG for all projects. The numbers in red indicate the project exceeded the %TDG cap -- i.e. 115% (forebay of the next

downstream dam) or 120% (tailwater) for each project. For the lower Columbia projects, tailwater TDG values are presented by displaying the highest value %TDG (controlling limit), and the lower value is displayed with a strikethrough.

***General Implementation Remarks:***

For all projects that spill for fish passage, the actual spill may vary from the target spill due to various conditions as described below. When spill levels briefly deviate below or above the level specified in the 2014 FOPs, the dotted pink line will be below or above the heavy green line in the graphs. Actual deviations from the target operation during voluntary spill hours are described below in the June 2014 Spill Variance Table.<sup>3</sup> The Spill Variance Table includes average hourly data; therefore, while spill may vary from target FOP spill for only a portion of an hour, the Spill Variance Table characterizes the reduction as a full hour. There are instances when the hourly FOP spill levels are not achievable due to mechanical limitations in setting spill gates to implement the regionally coordinated spill pattern. The project operator sets the spill gate stops to most closely approximate the 2014 FOPs level of spill while also avoiding exceeding the %TDG spill cap to the extent practicable.

"Low flow" operations at the lower Columbia and Snake projects are triggered when inflow is insufficient to provide both minimum generation and the specified spill levels. In these situations, the projects operate at minimum generation and pass the remainder of project inflow as spill and through other routes, such as fish ladders, sluiceways, and navigation locks. As flows transition from higher flows to low flows, there may be situations when flows recede at a higher rate than forecasted. In addition, inflows provided by nonfederal projects upstream are variable and uncertain.

The combination of these factors may result in instances when unanticipated changes to inflow result in forebay elevations dropping to the low end of the Minimum Operating Pool (MOP). Since these projects have limited operating flexibility, maintaining minimum generation, MOP elevation, and the target spill may not be possible throughout every hour. During low flow periods at Little Goose Dam, the overall project spill percentage appears to be reduced because the calculations do not account for the volume of water released during navigational lockages; however, the actual spill volume remains constant. When these variances occur, they are recorded in the monthly Spill Variance Table for Little Goose under the variance type "Navigation."

Actual spill levels at Corps projects with set flow targets may vary up to  $\pm 2$  kcfs within the hour (except as otherwise noted in the 2014 FOPs for Bonneville and The Dalles dams,<sup>4</sup> which may range up to  $\pm 3$  kcfs) as compared to those specified in the 2014 FOPs and the RCC spill priority list (defining the project %TDG spill caps). A number of factors influence actual spill, including

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<sup>3</sup> Involuntary spill conditions are identified in the graphs but are not considered variances so are not reported in the Spill Variance Table. Involuntary spill conditions result from lack of load, high river inflows that exceed available powerhouse capacity, scheduled or unscheduled turbine unit outages or transmission outages of various durations, passing debris, or any other operational and/or maintenance activities required to manage dam facilities for safety and authorized project uses.

<sup>4</sup> As specified in the 2014 FOPs (p. 15), this applies when the spill level is below 40% of total flow at The Dalles Dam.

hydraulic efficiency, exact gate opening calibration, spillway gate hoist cable stretch due to temperature changes, and forebay elevation (e.g. a higher forebay results in a greater volume of spill since more water can pass under the spill gate).

The 2014 FOPs describes project “Operations during Rapid Load Changes” (p. 6). For reporting purposes, the notation “Transmission Stability” in the Spill Variance Report Table replaces “Rapid Load Changes,” and identifies instances when hourly spill levels were not met as a result of load swing hours and other related within-hour load variability issues. “Transmission Stability” occurs because projects must be available to respond to within-hour load variability to satisfy North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) reserve requirements (“on response”). In addition to within-hour load variability, projects on response must be responsive to within hour changes resulting from intermittent generation (such as wind generation). During periods of rapidly changing loads and intermittent generation, projects on response may have significant changes in turbine discharge within the hour while spill quantity remains the same within the hour. Under normal conditions, within-hour load changes primarily occur immediately preceding and following the peak load hours; however, within-hour changes in intermittent generation can occur at any hour of the day. Occasionally, several hours after peak load hours, the project may be decreasing total outflow and generation faster than the corresponding spill decreases causing the percent spill to be slightly higher. Due to the high variability of within-hour load, reporting actual spill percentages that vary by more than the  $\pm 1$  percent within hour requirement (or other ranges specified in the 2014 FOPs) may occur with greater frequency with “Transmission Stability” hours than other hours.

Occurrences requiring an adjustment in operations and/or regional coordination are described in greater detail in the “Operational Adjustments” section below.

### **June Operations:**

The month of June was characterized by slightly below average flows for the lower Snake River and slightly above average flows for the lower Columbia River. The NOAA Northwest River Forecast Center’s Runoff Processor indicated that the June 2014 adjusted volume runoff on the lower Columbia was above the 30 year average (1981-2010): 27.6 MAF (million acre feet) or 106% of average as measured at The Dalles. The Runoff Processor also indicated June 2014 adjusted volume runoff on the lower Snake was below the 30 year average (1981-2010): 5.8 MAF or 95% of average as measured at Lower Granite Dam. The monthly precipitation summary for June was well below average at 66% on the Snake River above Ice Harbor Dam and well below average on the Columbia River above The Dalles Dam at 86%.

During the June reporting period, the planned 2014 FOPs spill operations were carried out as follows:

- Lower Granite Dam - The hourly target spill level was 20 kcfs 24-hours/day through June 20. The operation transitioned to the summer spill level of 18 kcfs 24-hours/day on June 21.
- Little Goose Dam - The hourly target spill level was 30% of total river flow 24-hours/day.
- Lower Monumental Dam - The hourly target spill level was the %TDG cap 24 hours/day,. The operation transitioned to the summer spill level of 17 kcfs 24-hours/day on June 21.

- Ice Harbor Dam - The hourly target spill level alternated every two days between 30 percent of total river flow for 24-hours/day vs. 45 kcfs daytime and the %TDG gas cap nighttime (gas cap range ~75 – 95 kcfs). Nighttime spill hours are 1800-0500.
- McNary Dam - The hourly target spill level was 40% of total river flow for 24-hours/day through June 15. The operation transitioned to the summer spill level of 50% of total river flow 24-hours/day on June 21.
- John Day Dam - The hourly target spill level alternated between 40% and 30% of total river flow for 24-hours/day due to the two-day block spring operation. Spill level changes occurred at 2000 hours.
- The Dalles Dam - The hourly target spill level was 40% of total river flow for 24-hours/day.
- Bonneville Dam - The hourly target spill level was 100 kcfs 24 hours/day through June 15. The operation transitioned to the summer spill levels of alternating every two days between 95 kcfs 24-hours/day vs. 85 kcfs daytime/121 kcfs nighttime on June 16.

### *Operational Adjustments*

No Operational Adjustments for the reporting period in June.

## June 2014 Spill Variance Table

**Table 1: June 2014 (6/2 – 6/29) - FOPs Implementation Report Table**

Project	Parameter	Date	Time <sup>5</sup>	Hours	Type	Reason
Little Goose	Reduced Spill	6/16/14	0900	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 28.6% (below 30.0% ±1% range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge. 24 hr avg. spill was 30.0%.
Little Goose	Additional Spill	6/18/14	1400	1	Operational Limitations	Hourly spill increased to 40.6% (above 30.0% ±1% range) due to project spilling to pass debris. Coordinated through FPOM on June 18, 2014. 24 hr avg. spill was 30.3%.
Little Goose	Reduced Spill	6/19/14	1300	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 28.8% (below 30.0% ±1% range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge. 24 hr avg. spill was 29.8%.
Little Goose	Reduced Spill	6/23/14	2100	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 28.9% (below 30.0% ±1% range) due to volume of water needed to empty the navigation lock. See p. 3. 24 hr avg. spill was 29.8%.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/3/14	1700	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 30.3 kcfs (below 36 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/5/14	1700-1800	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 19.7 kcfs and 20.6 kcfs (below 26 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/9/14	1700-1900	3	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 12.5 kcfs, 16.5 kcfs and 20.8 kcfs (below 24 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/11/14	1700-1800	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 16.6 kcfs, and 21.3 kcfs (below 25 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/13/14	1800	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 15.3 kcfs, (below 25 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/15/14	1700-1800	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 15.4 kcfs and 23.5 kcfs (below 28 kcfs ±2 kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.

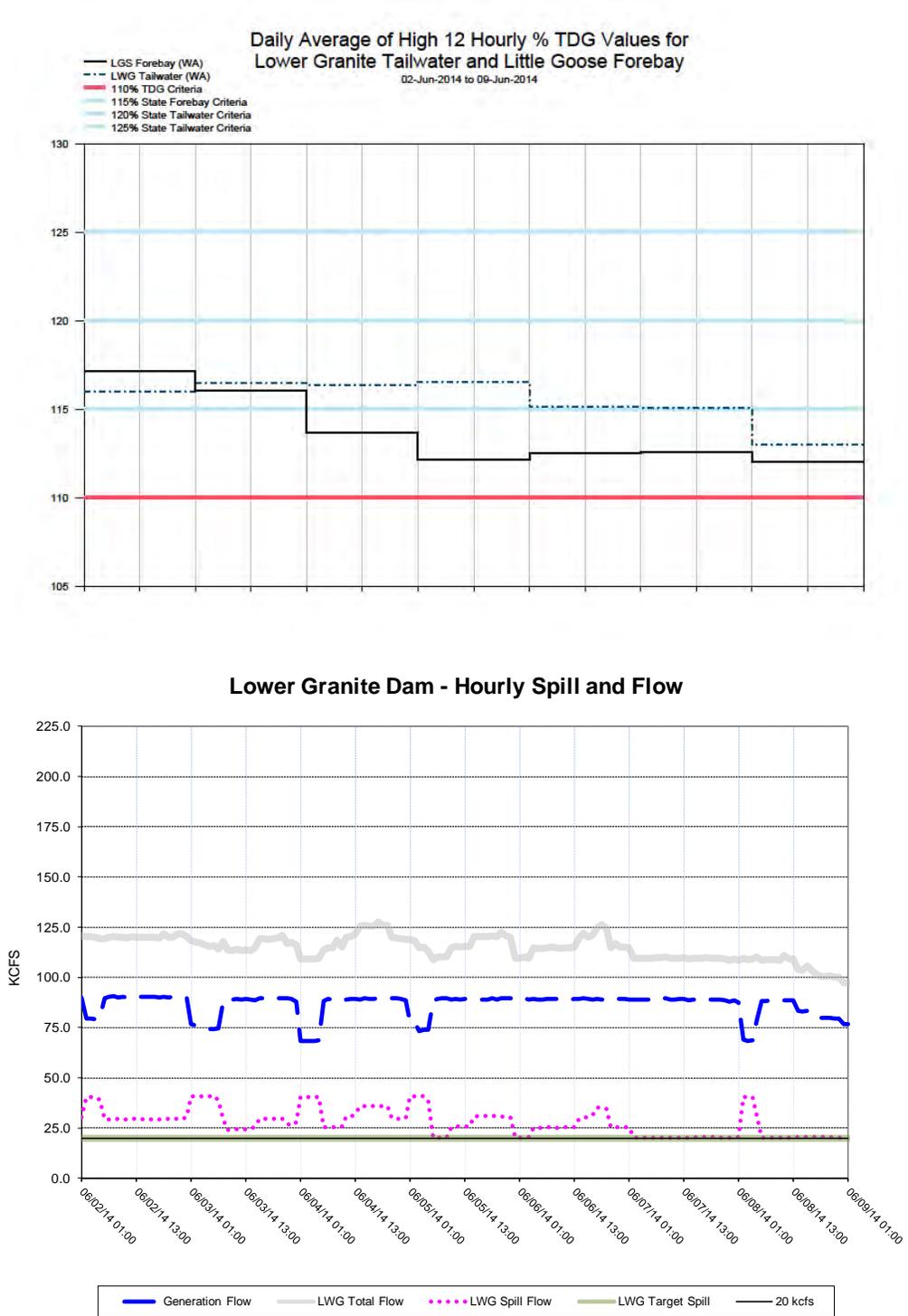
<sup>5</sup> Note: Data collected for reporting spill variances is reported using hourly-averaged data. Therefore, while spill may be increased or decreased for only a portion of an hour, it is represented in the Spill Variance Table as an hour.

Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/17/14	1800-1900	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 22.0 kcfs and 27.1 kcfs (below 30 kcfs $\pm 2$ kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/19/14	1700-1800	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 20.1 kcfs and 26.1 kcfs (below 30 kcfs $\pm 2$ kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/21/14	1700	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 13.4 kcfs (below 17 kcfs $\pm 2$ kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/25/14	1700	1	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 11.9 kcfs (below 17 kcfs $\pm 2$ kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
Lower Monumental	Reduced Spill	6/27/14	1700-1800	2	Navigation	Hourly spill decreased to 14.5 kcfs and 14.9 kcfs (below 17 kcfs $\pm 2$ kcfs range). Reduced spill for safe passage of fish barge.
John Day	Reduced Spill	6/22/14	1000	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.9% (below 40.0% $\pm 1\%$ range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.9%.
John Day	Reduced Spill	6/27/14	0500	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.8% (below 40.0% $\pm 1\%$ range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 38.2%.
John Day	Reduced Spill	6/27/14	1700	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.3% (below 40.0% $\pm 1\%$ range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 38.2%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/4/14	1500	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.4% (above 40.0% $\pm 1\%$ range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 38.4%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/4/14	1900	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.3% (below 40.0% $\pm 1\%$ range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 38.4%.

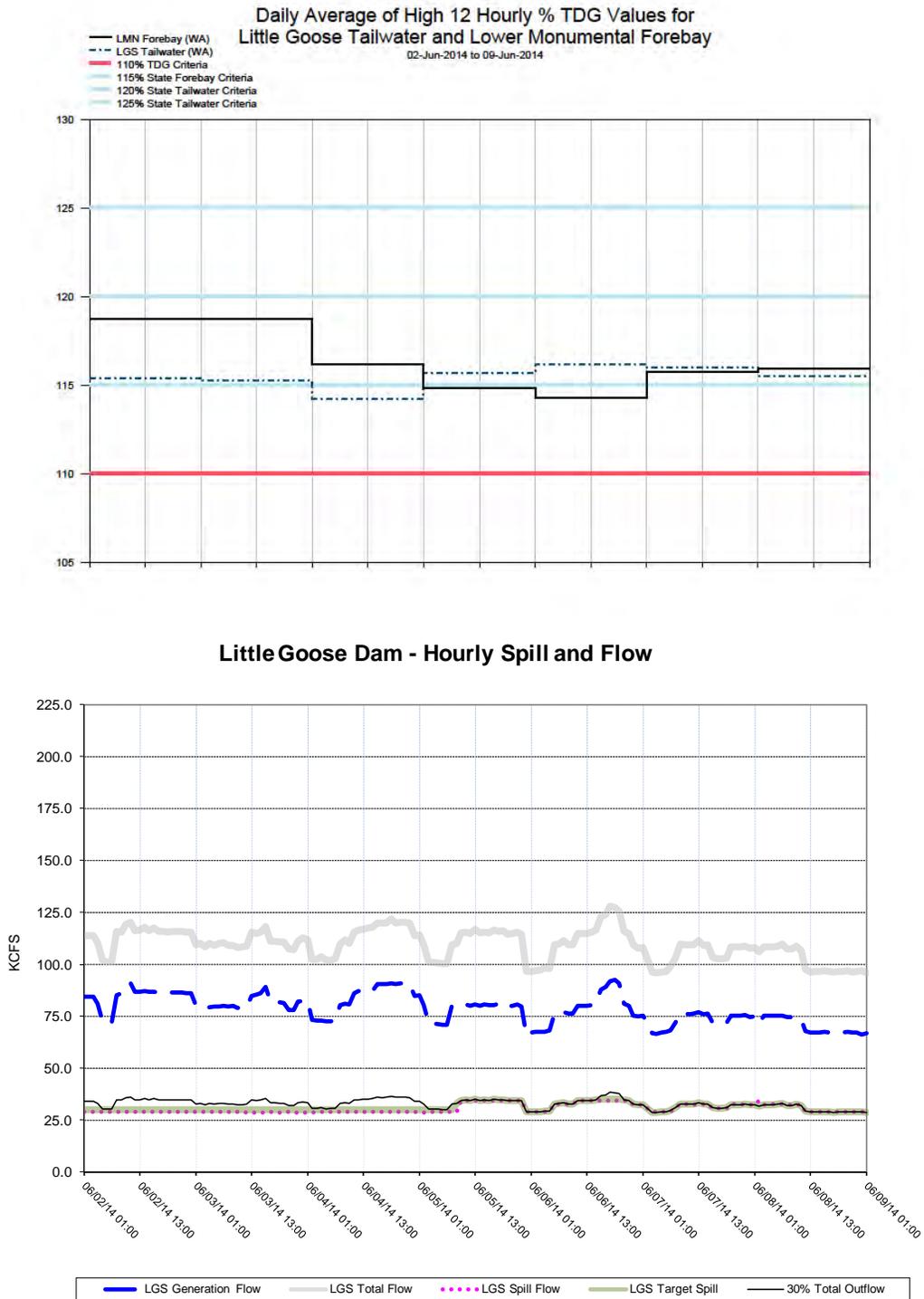
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/6/14	0200	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.3% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 38.2%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/6/14	1500-1600	2	Human Program Error	Hourly spill decreased to 123.6 kcfs (below 130 kcfs fish passage spill cap ± 3 kcfs range). Delay in changing to requested spill cap.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/11/14	2200	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.1% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/11/14	2300	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.5% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation.. See p. 3-4 of FOP. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/14/14	1700	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.3% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.9%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/19/14	0600	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.9% (below 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.9%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/20/14	0100	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.3% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/20/14	0900	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.6% (above 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4 of FOP. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/20/14	2200	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.9% (below 40.0% ±1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.

The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/23/14	1100	1	Human/Program Error	Hourly spill decreased to 38.4% (below 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range) due to a malfunction of the program that manages generation. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.8%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/23/14	1900	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 38.8% (below 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.8%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/25/14	2400	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.2% (above 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 40.1%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/26/14	2400	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.2% (above 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4 of the FOP. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.8%.
The Dalles	Reduced Spill	6/27/14	1700	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill decreased to 35.7% (below 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 39.7%.
The Dalles	Additional Spill	6/28/14	0200	1	Transmission Stability	Hourly spill increased to 41.6% (above 40.0% $\pm$ 1% range). Project on response during rapidly changing load and/or intermittent generation. See p. 3-4. 24 hr avg. spill was 42.6%.

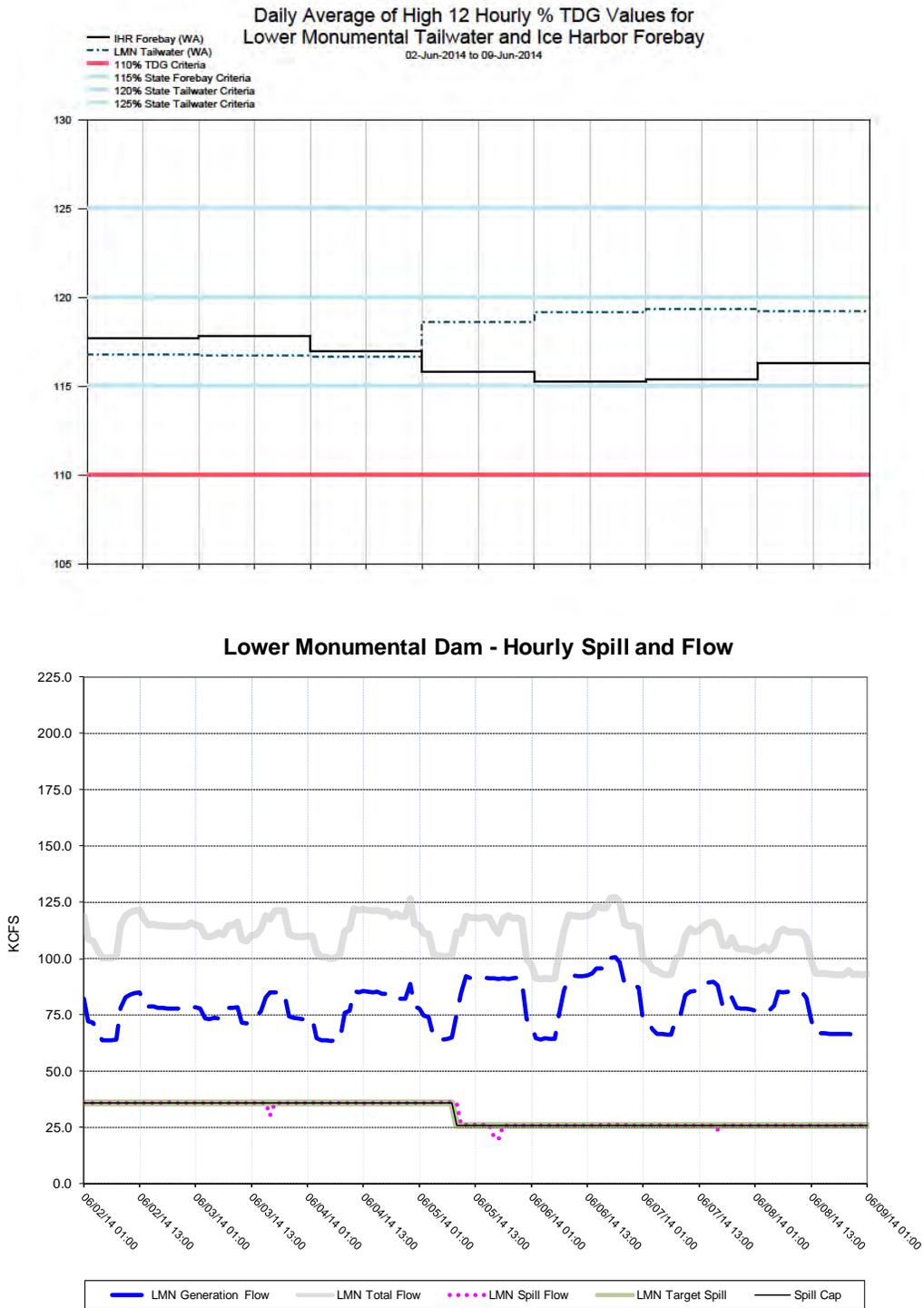
**Figure 1**



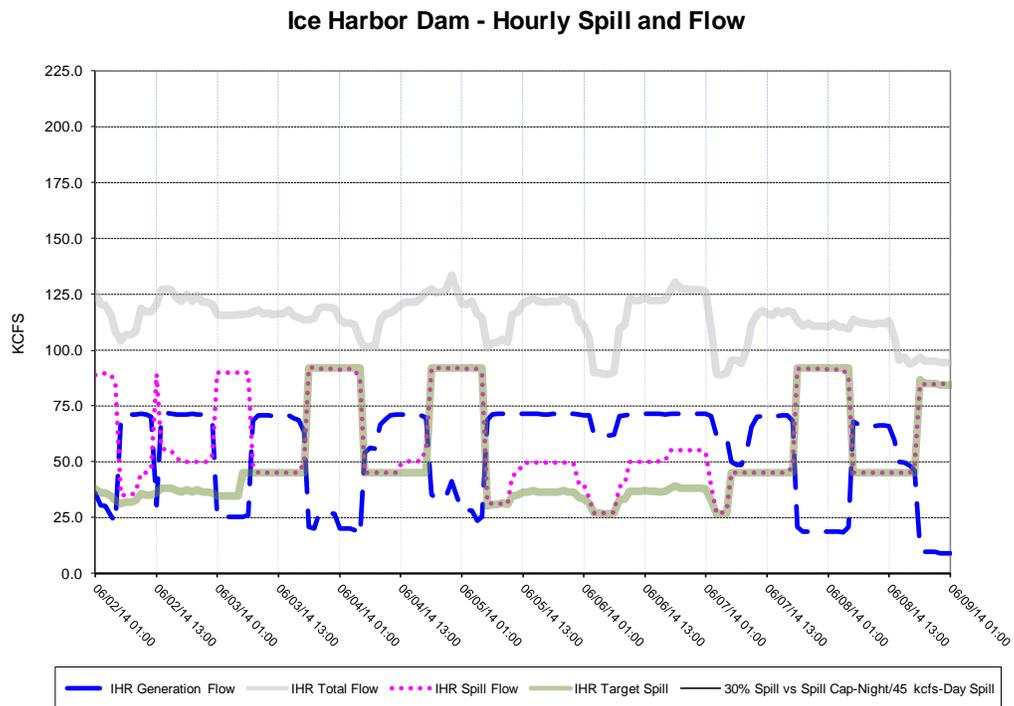
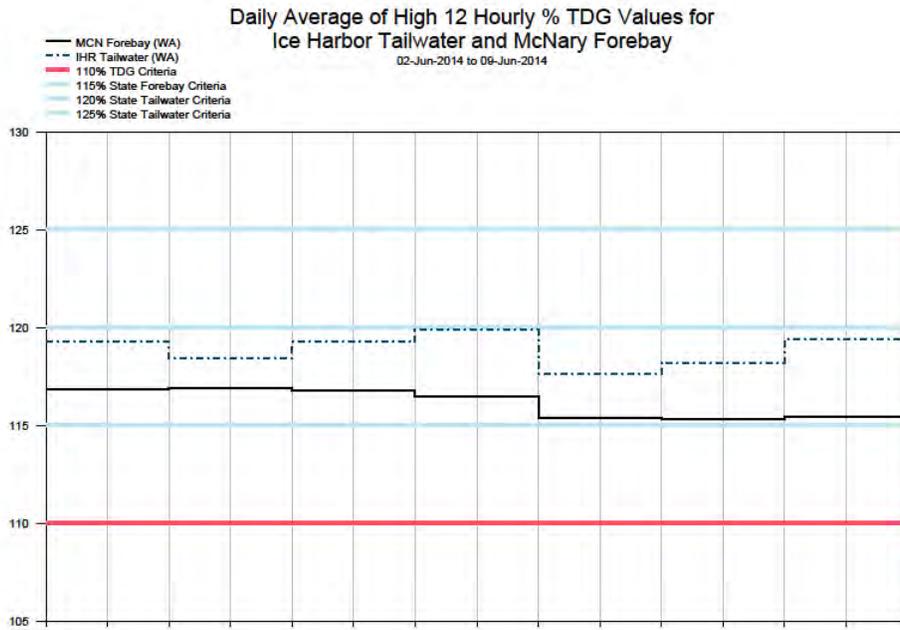
**Figure 2**



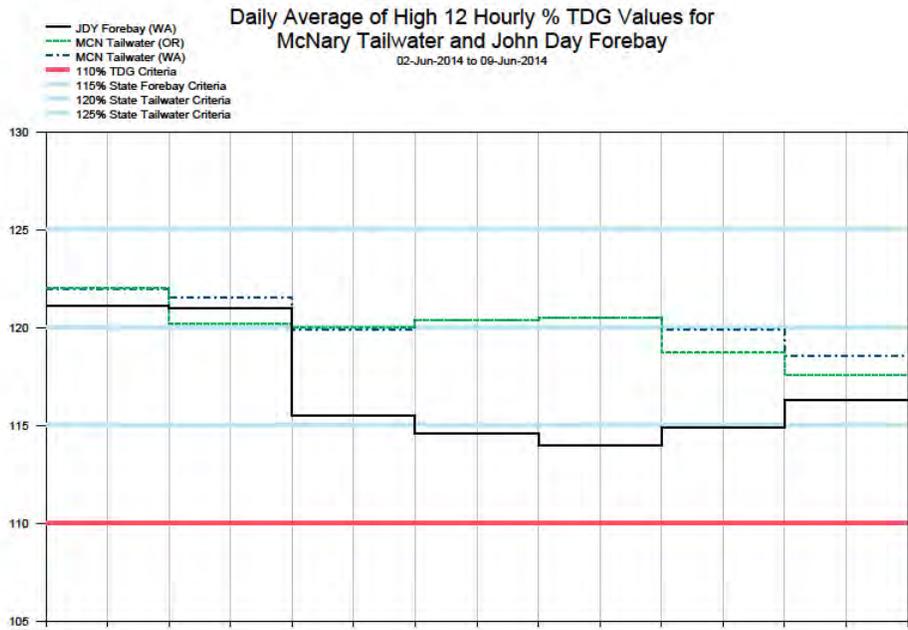
**Figure 3**



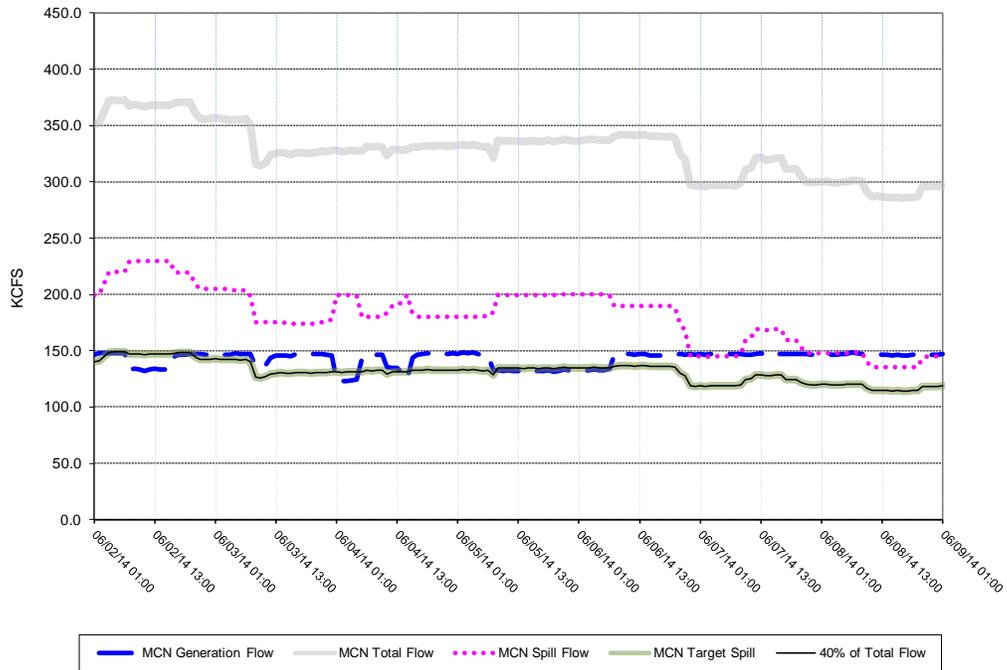
**Figure 4**



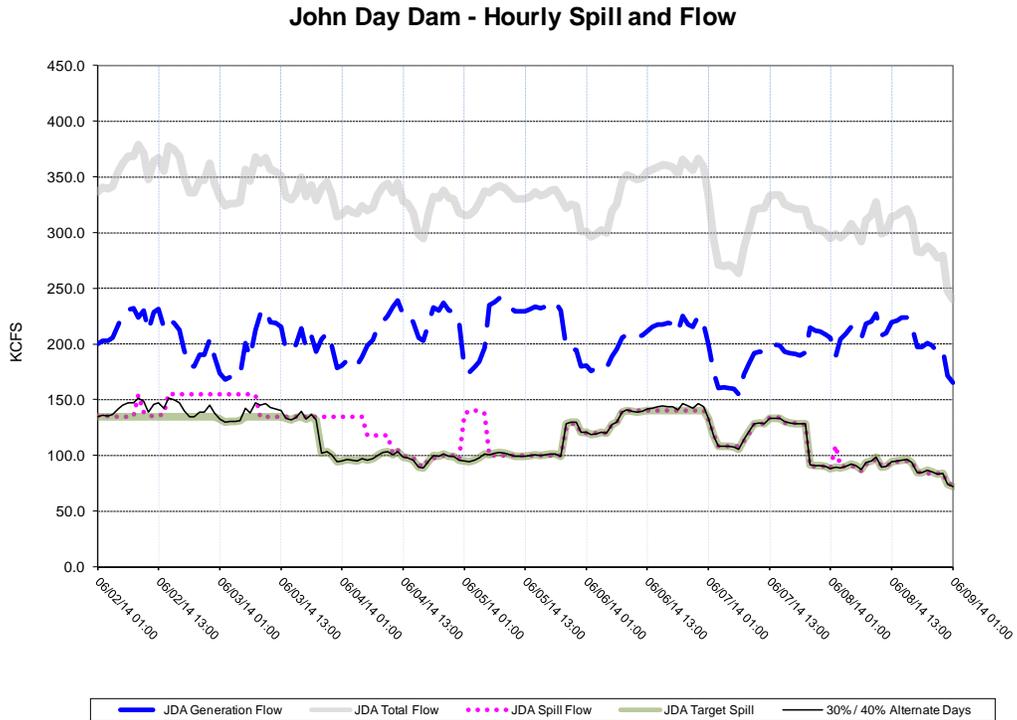
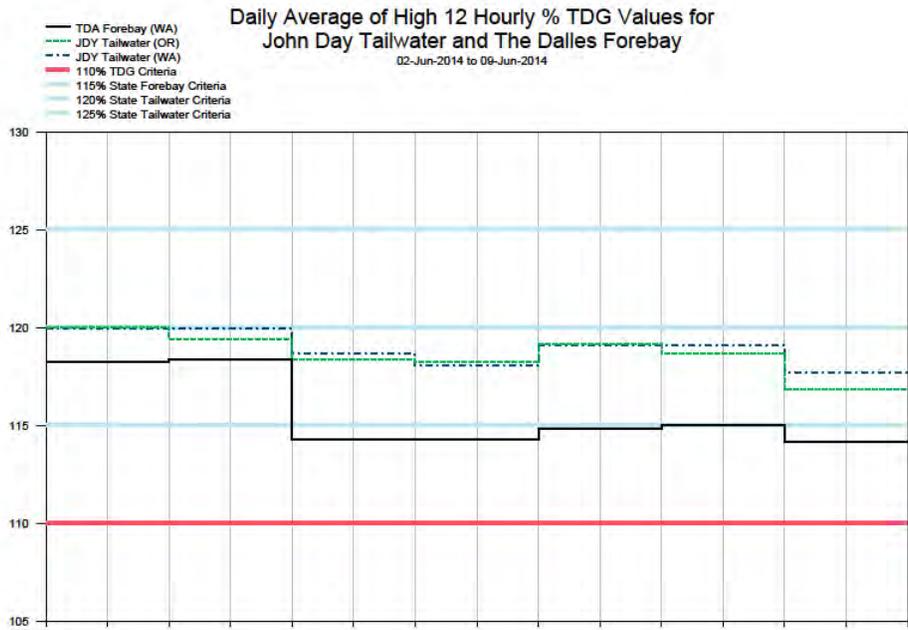
**Figure 5**



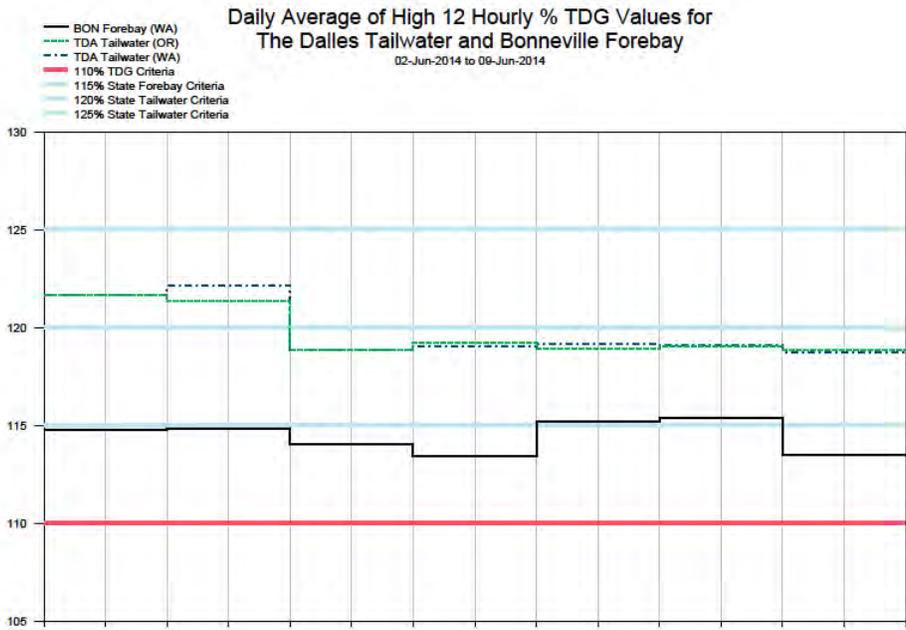
**McNary Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



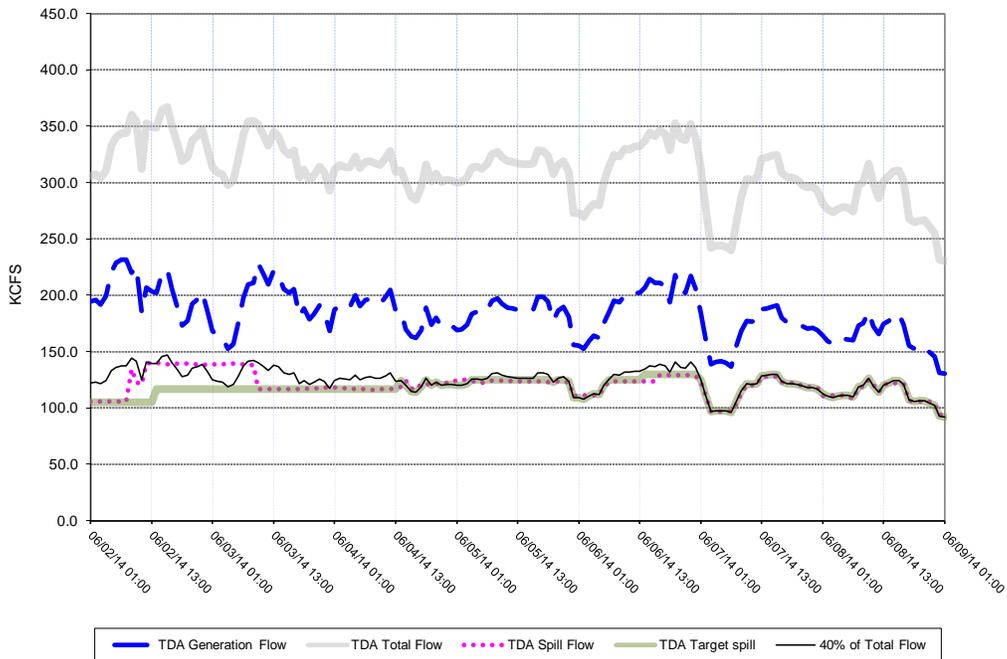
**Figure 6**



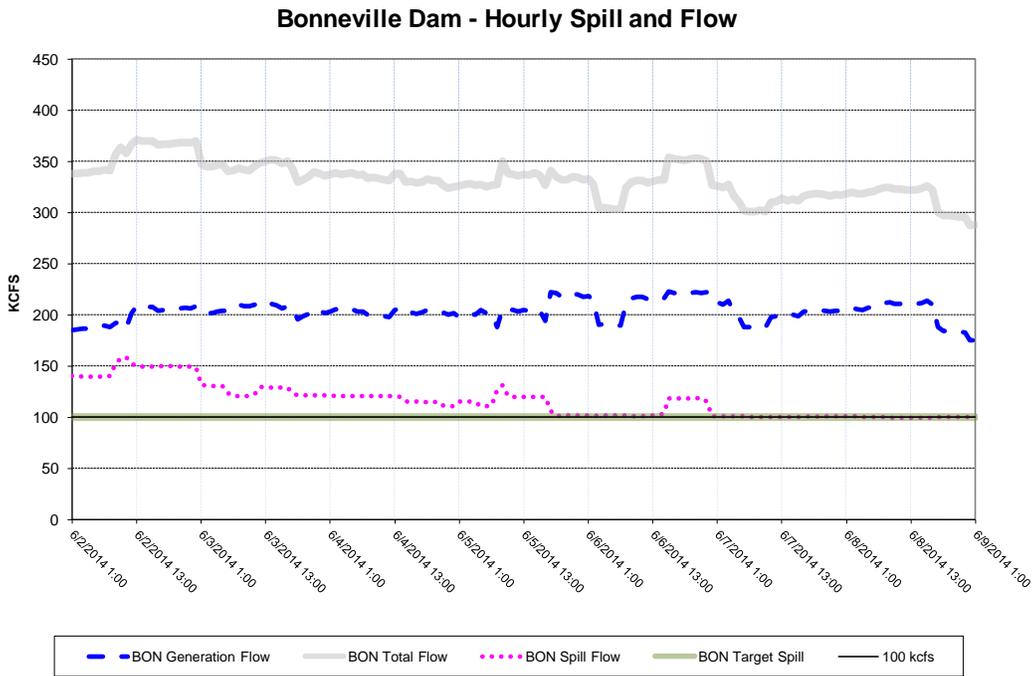
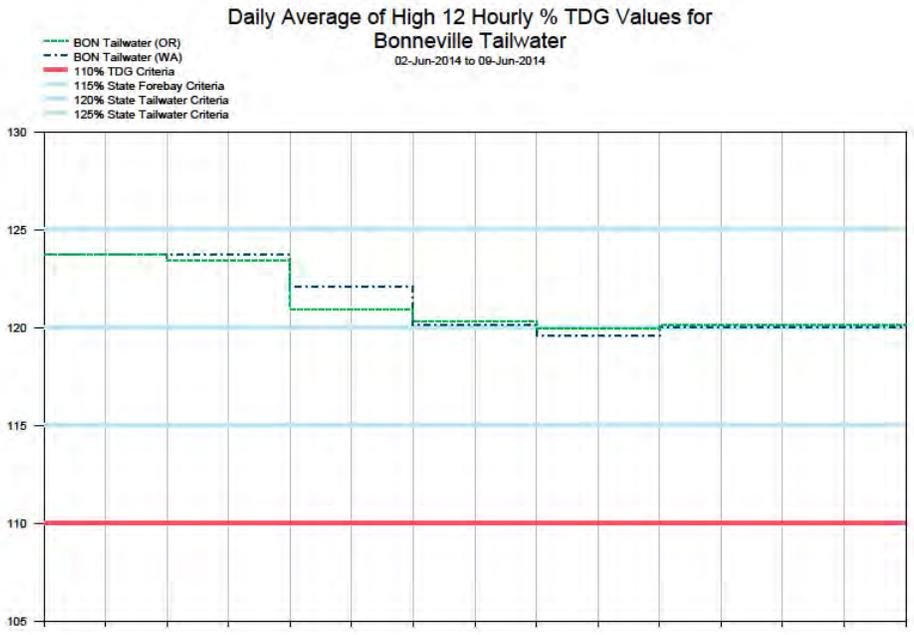
**Figure 7**



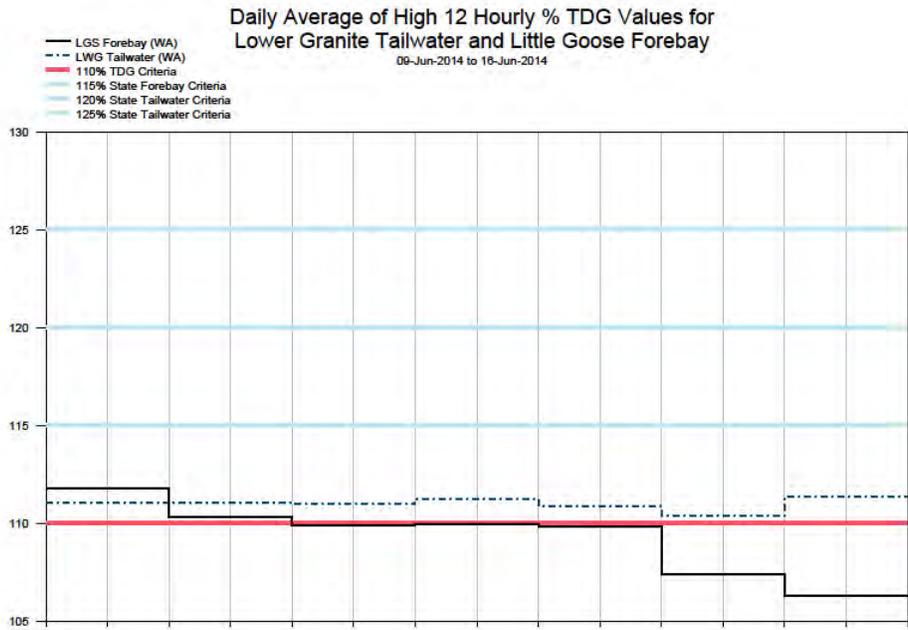
**The Dalles Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



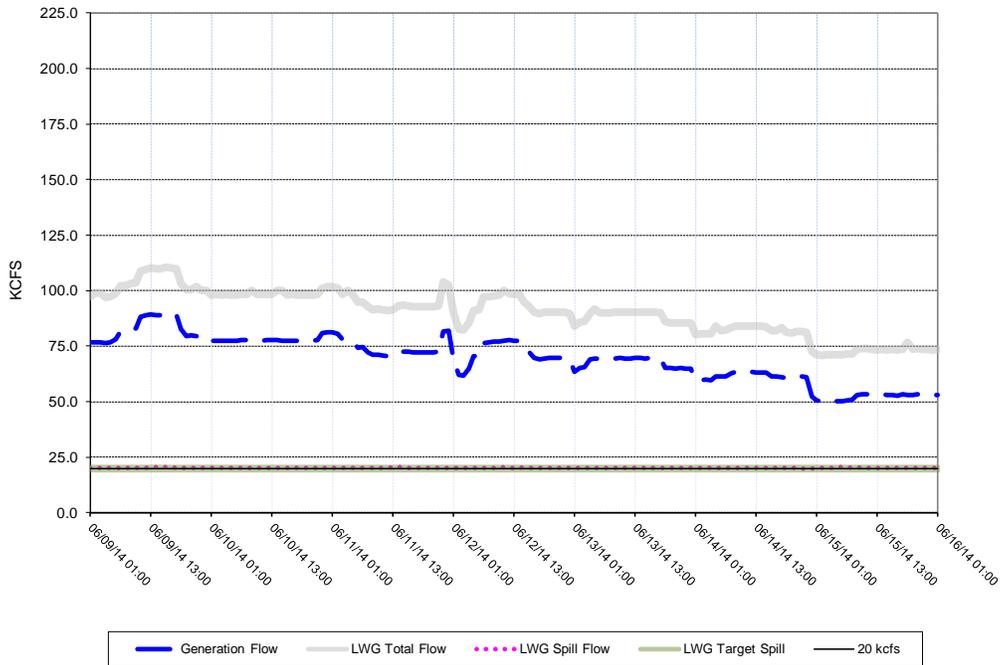
**Figure 8**



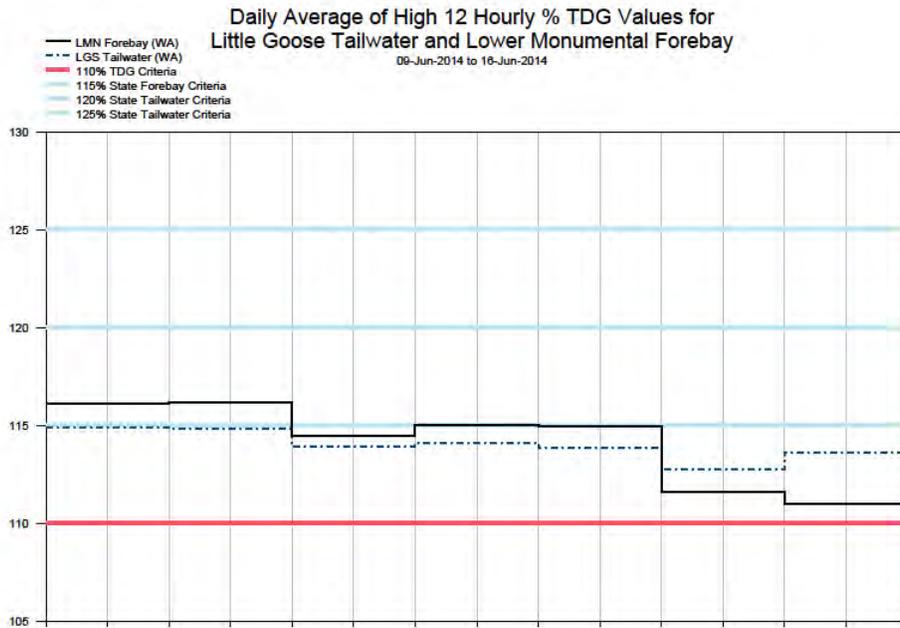
**Figure 9**



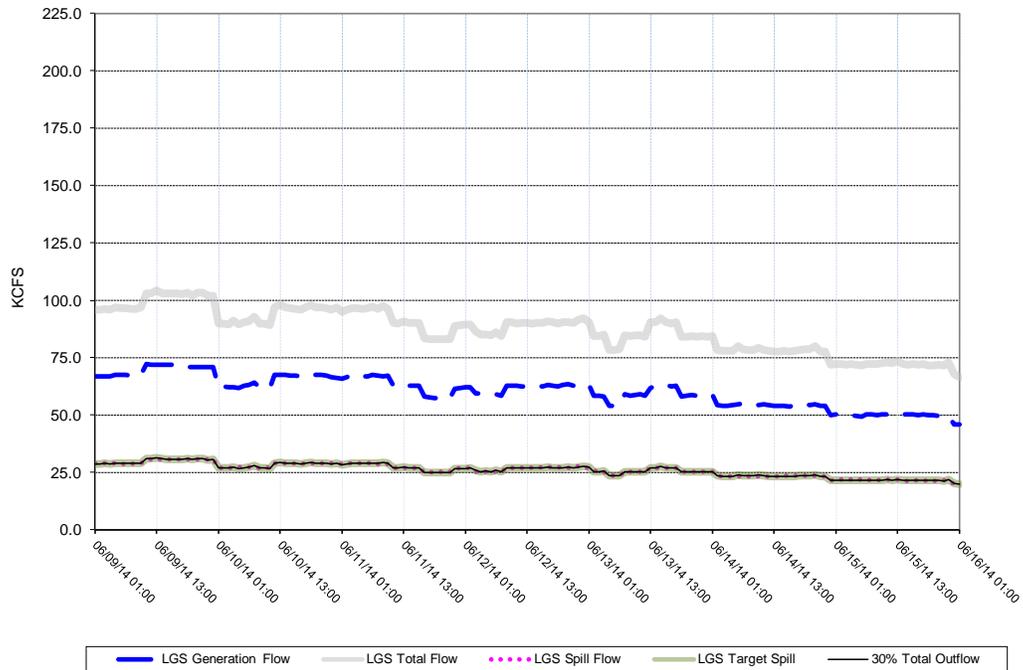
**Lower Granite Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



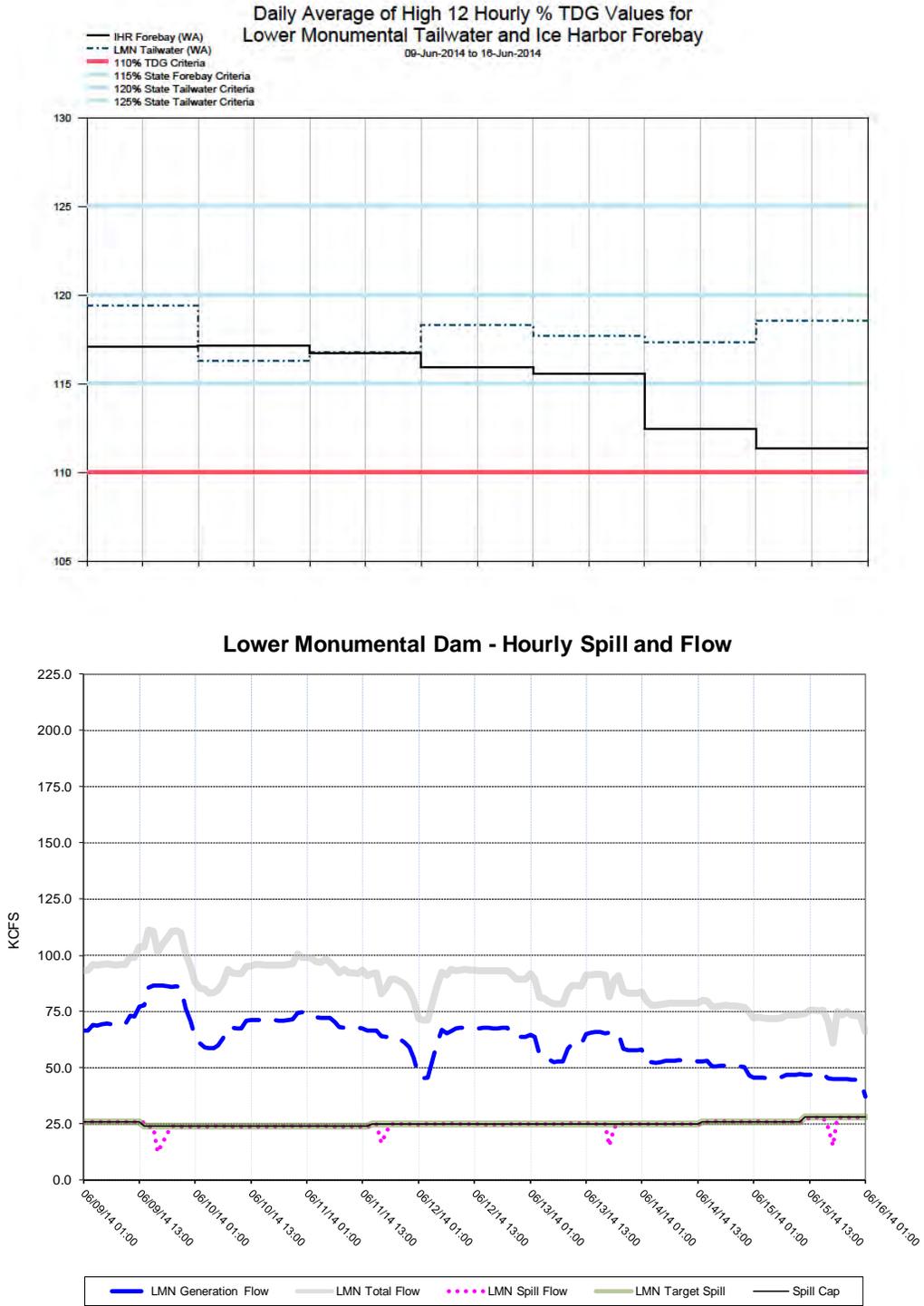
**Figure 10**



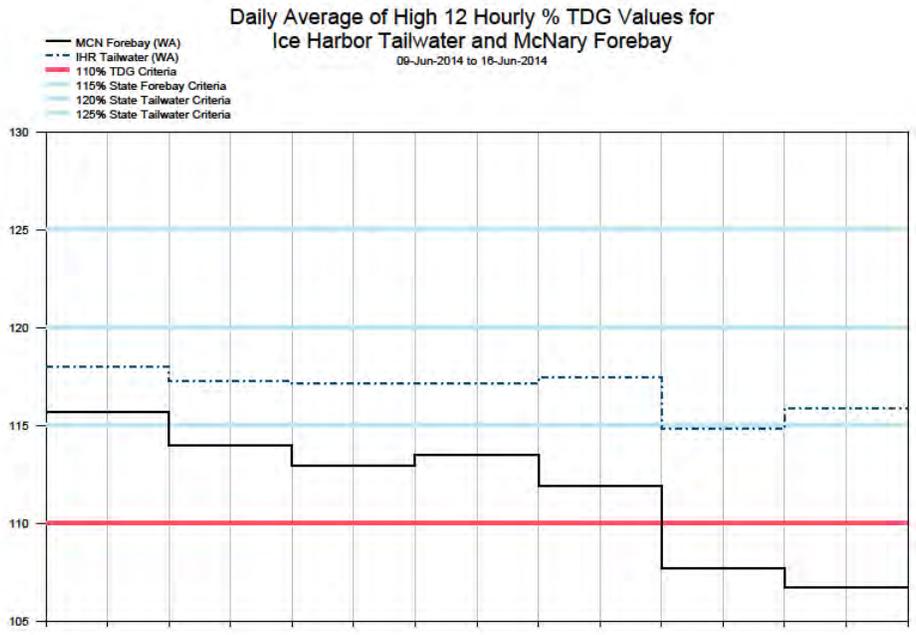
**Little Goose Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



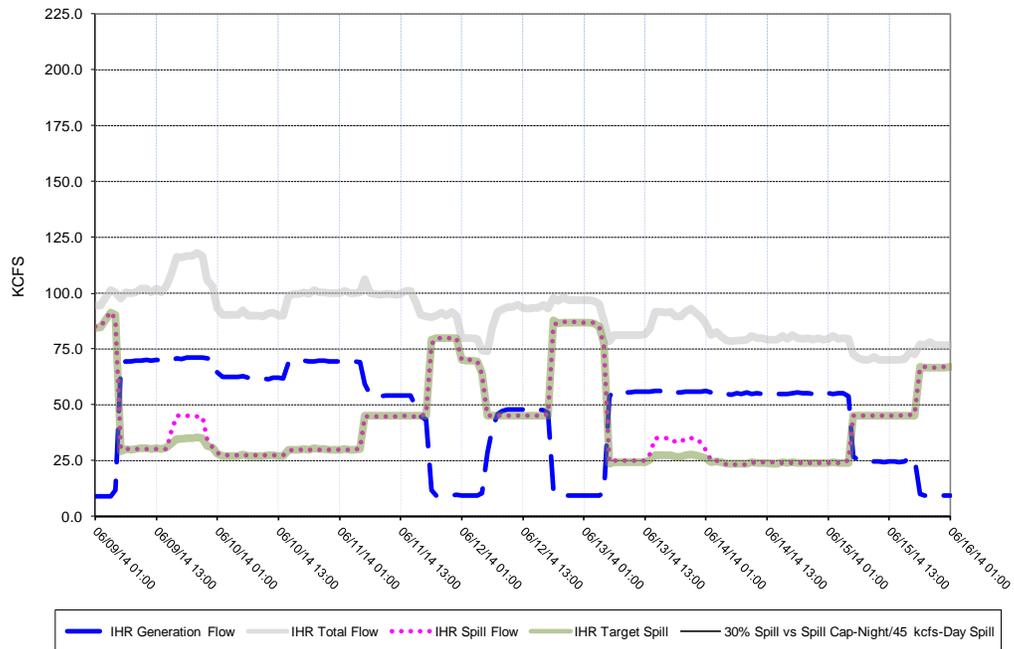
**Figure 11**



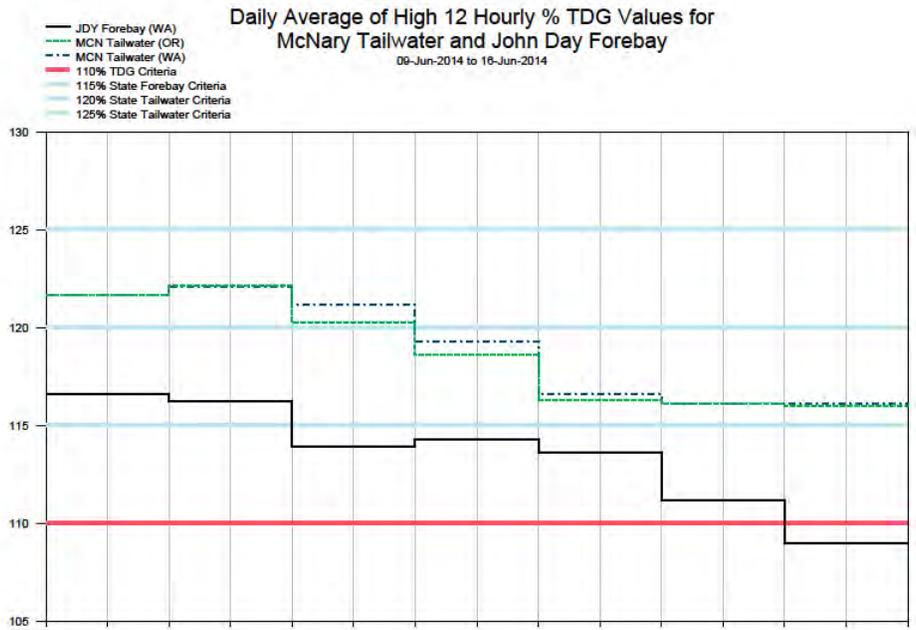
**Figure 12**



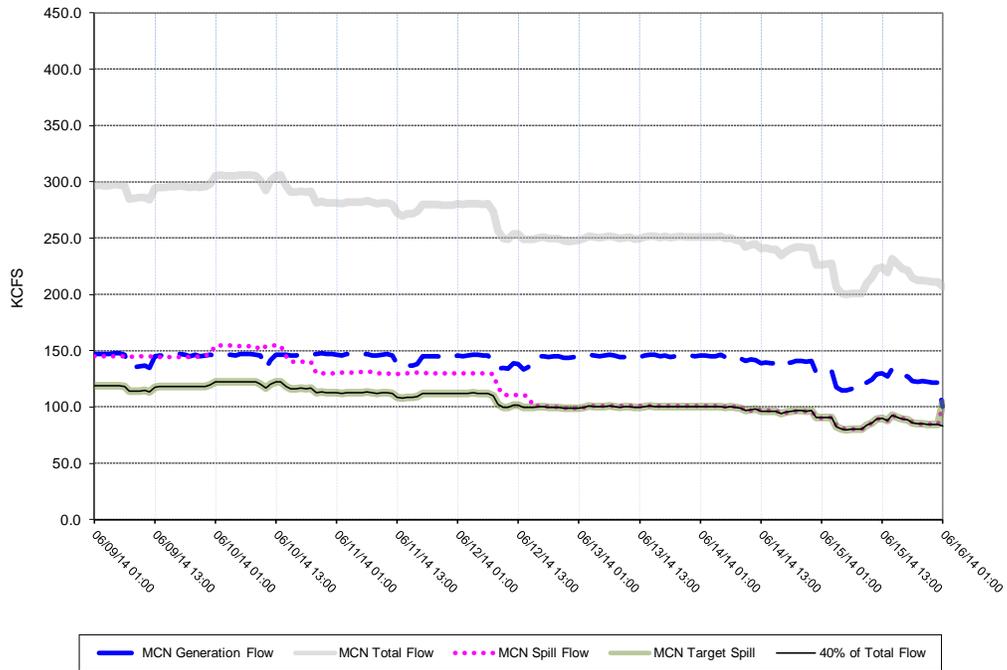
**Ice Harbor Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



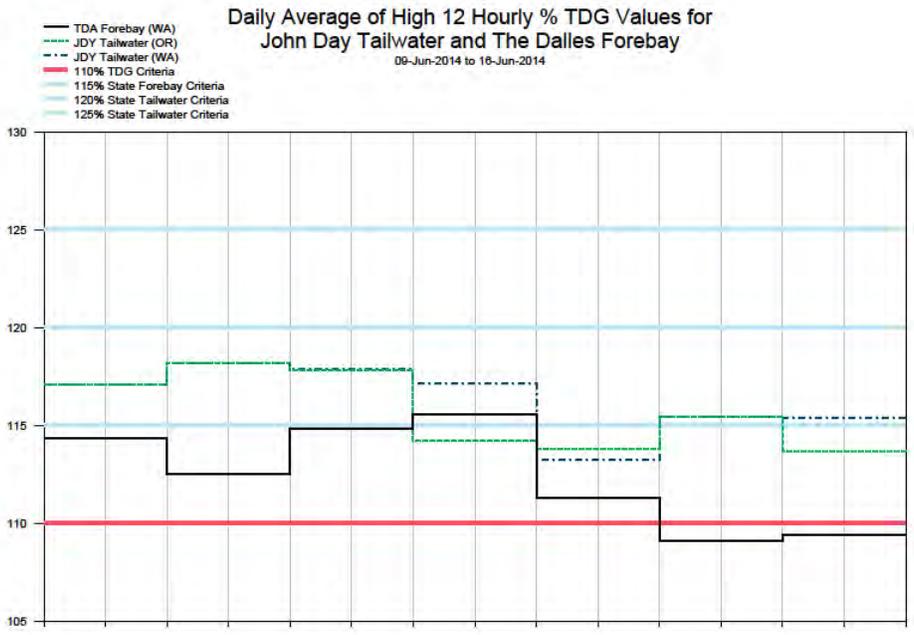
**Figure 13**



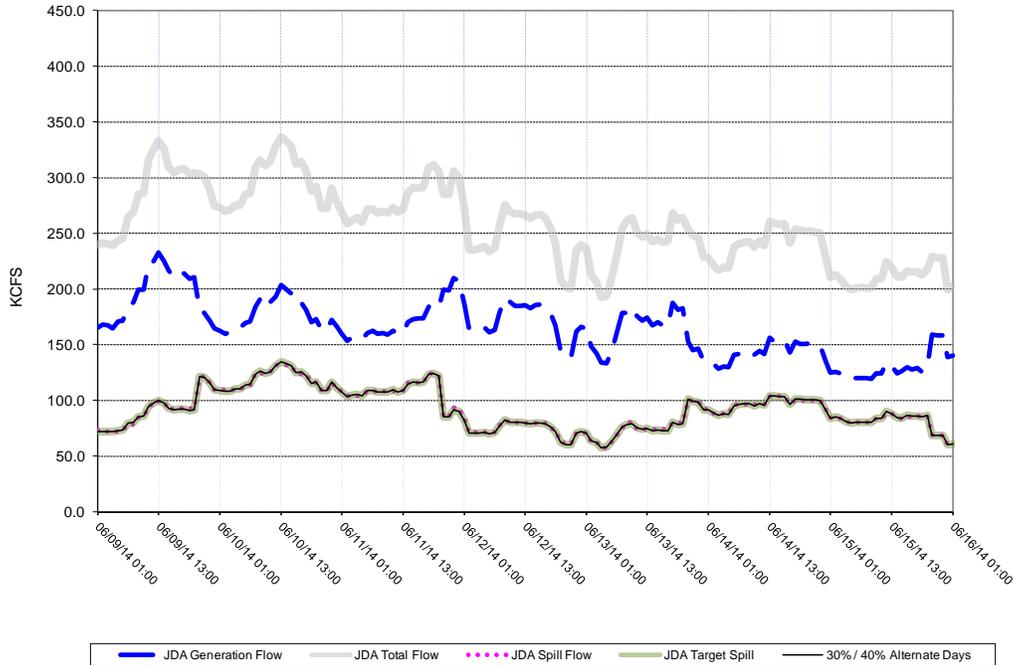
**McNary Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



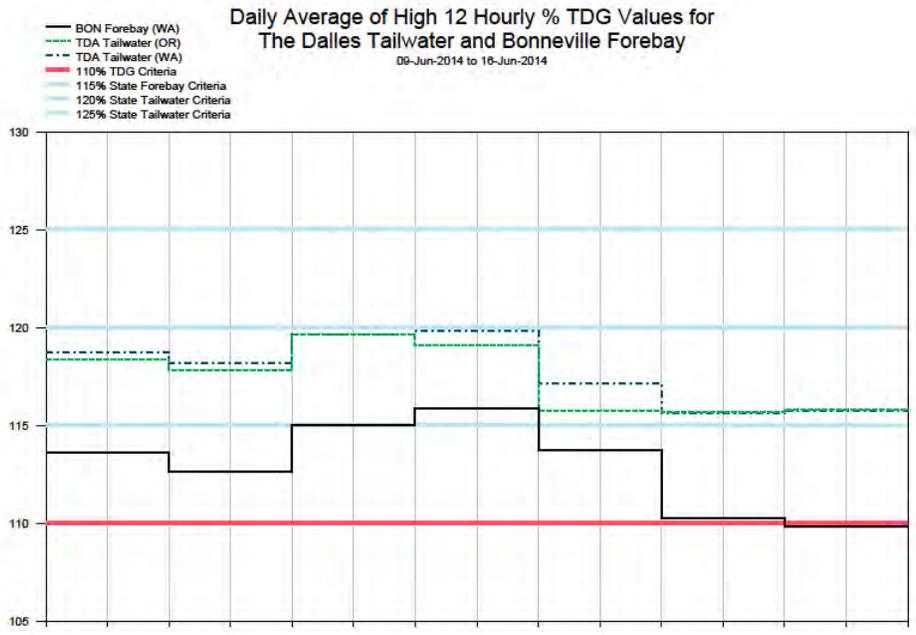
**Figure 14**



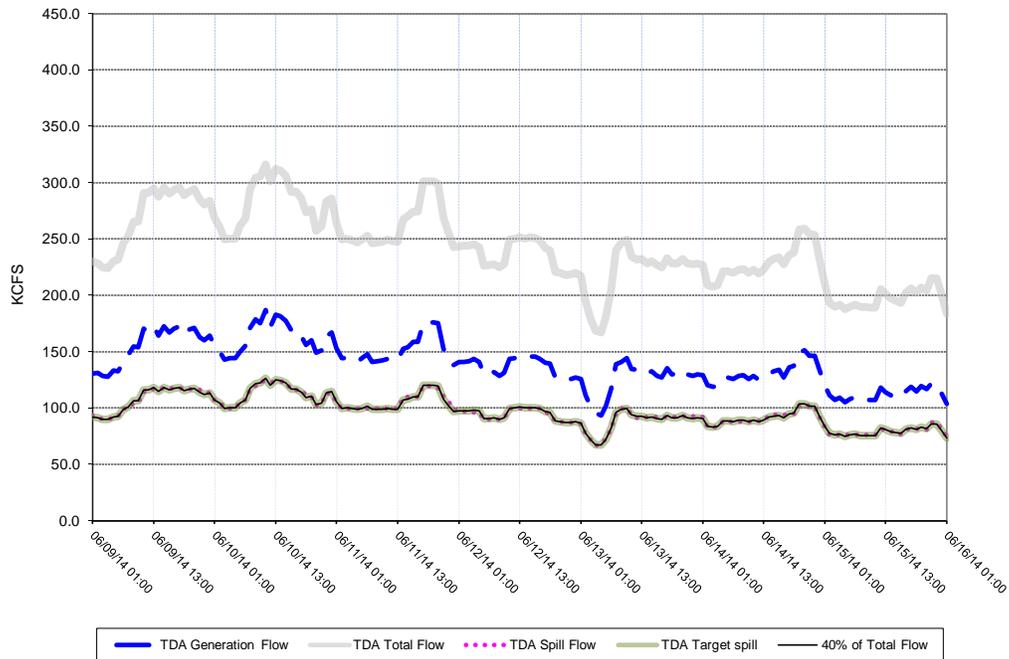
**John Day Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



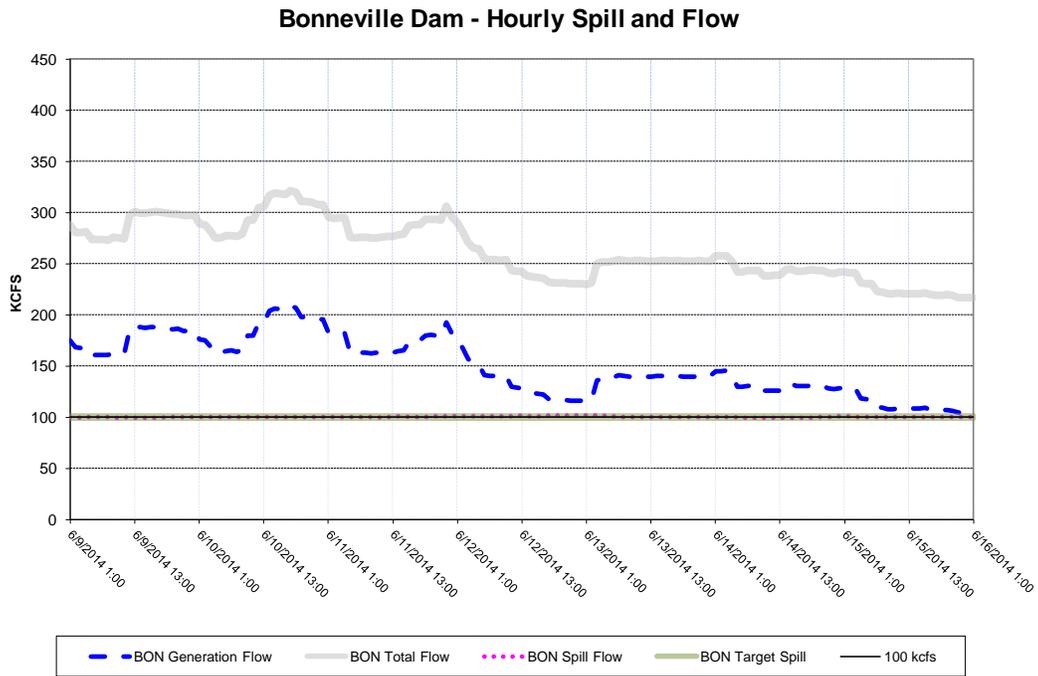
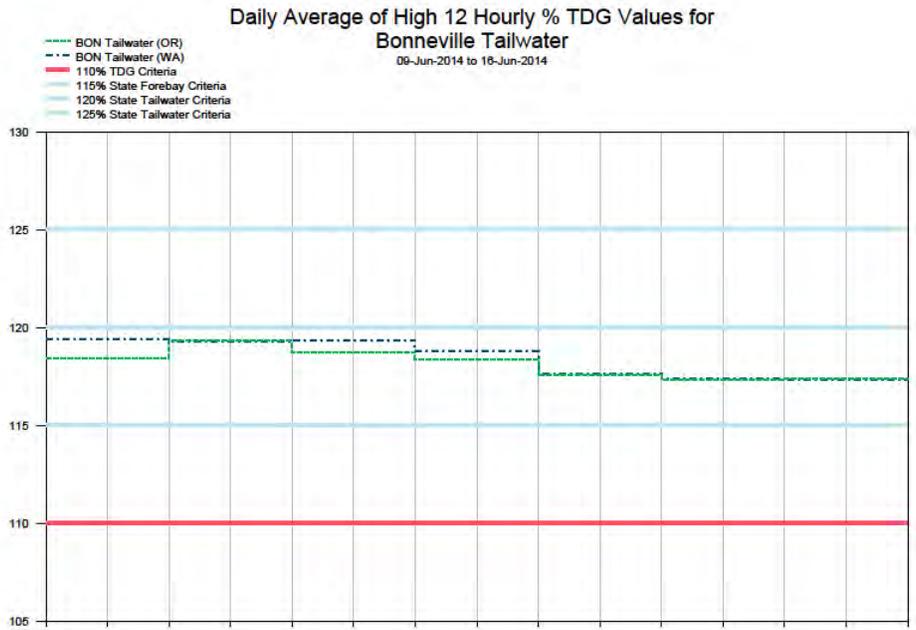
**Figure 15**



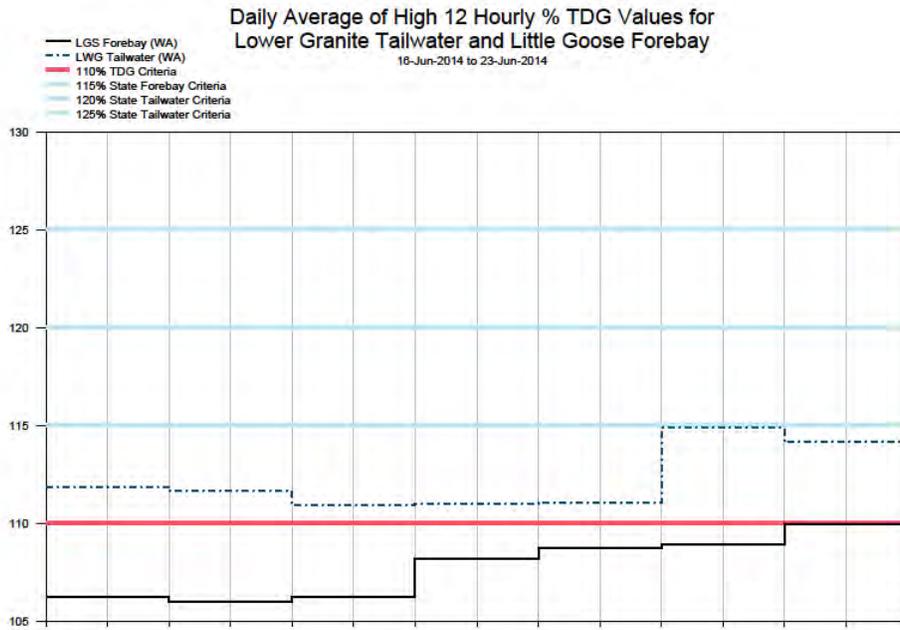
**The Dalles Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



**Figure 16**



**Figure 17**



**Lower Granite Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**

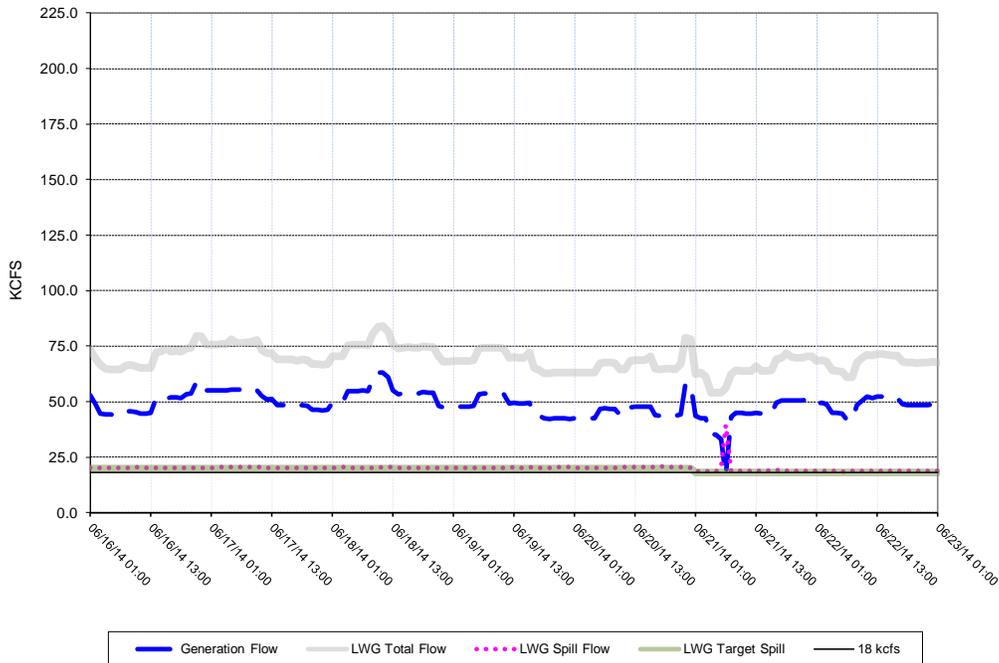
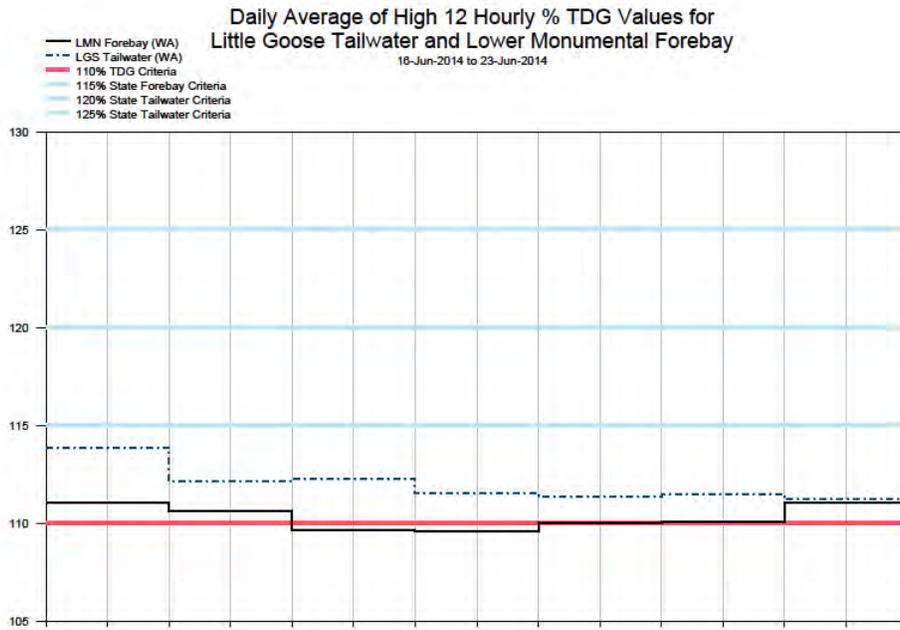
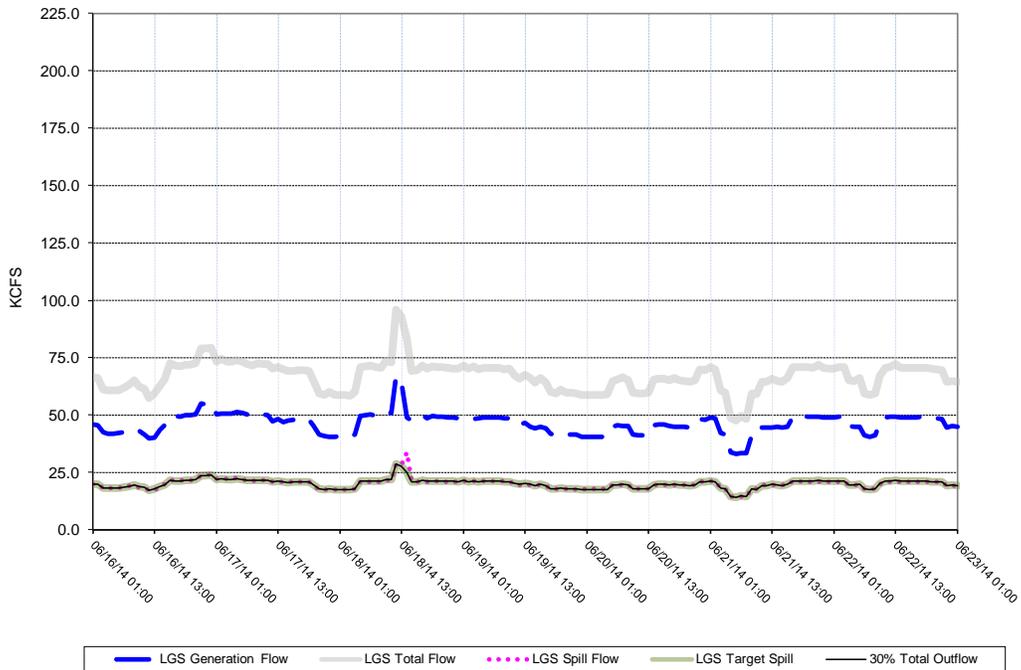


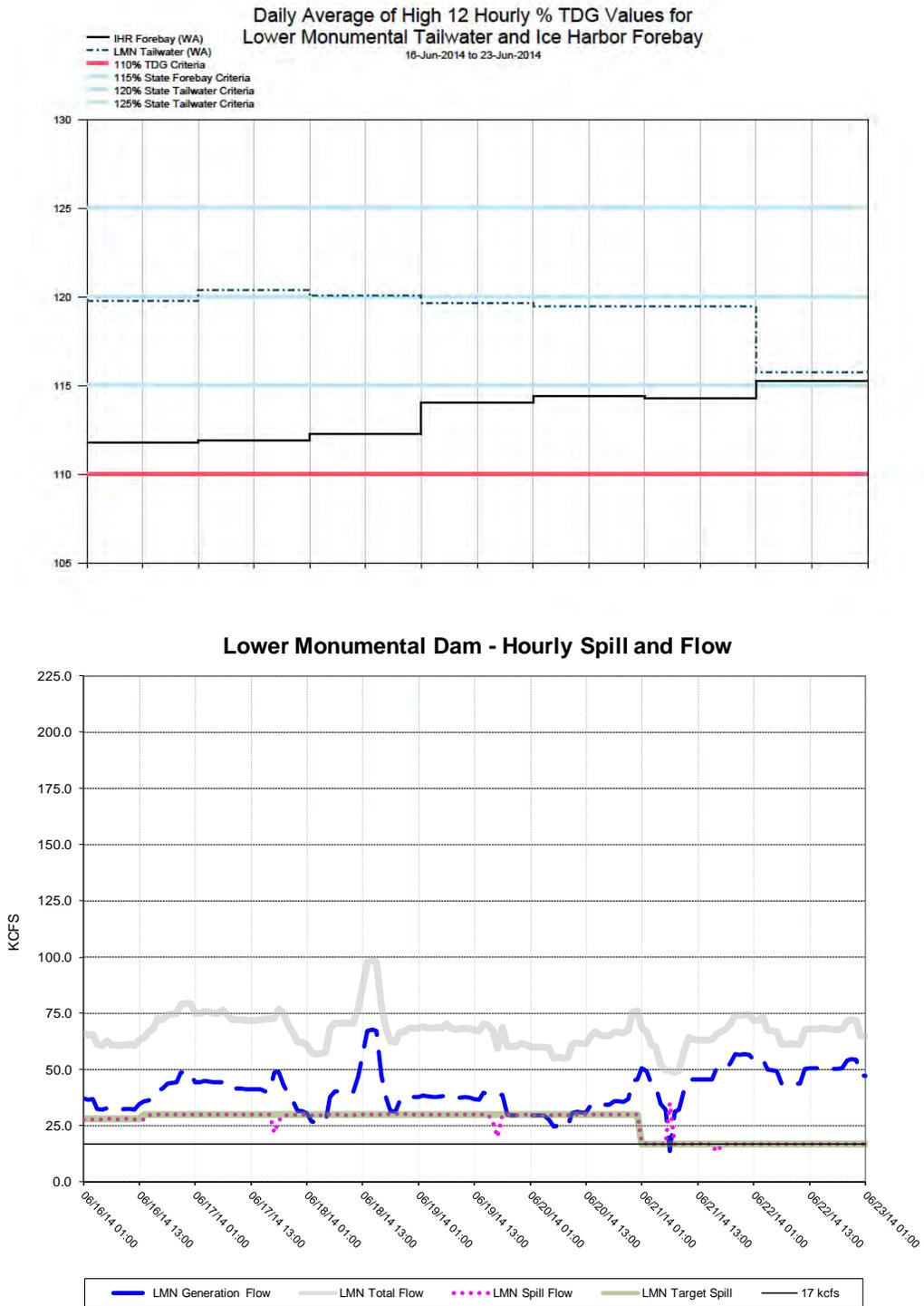
Figure 18



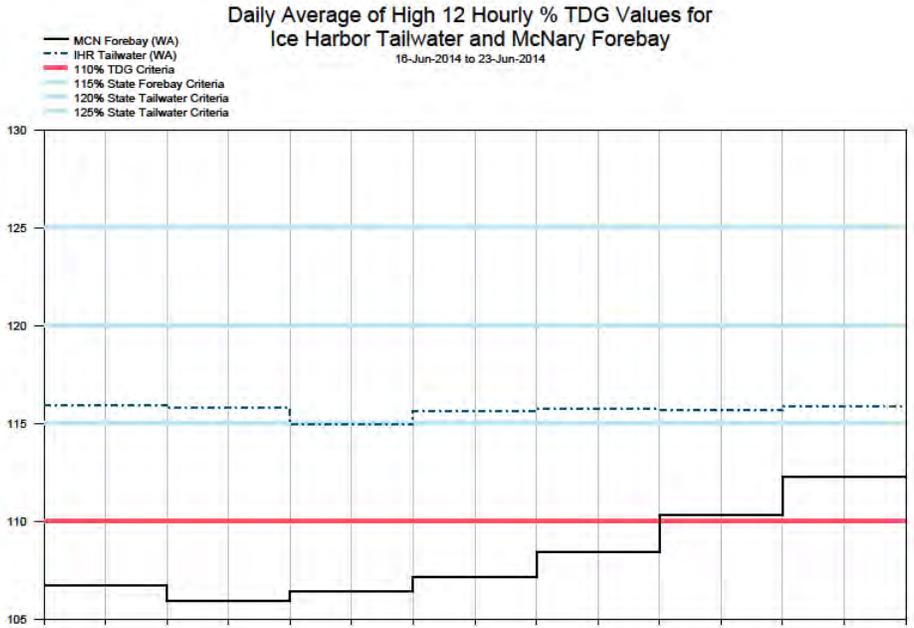
Little Goose Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow



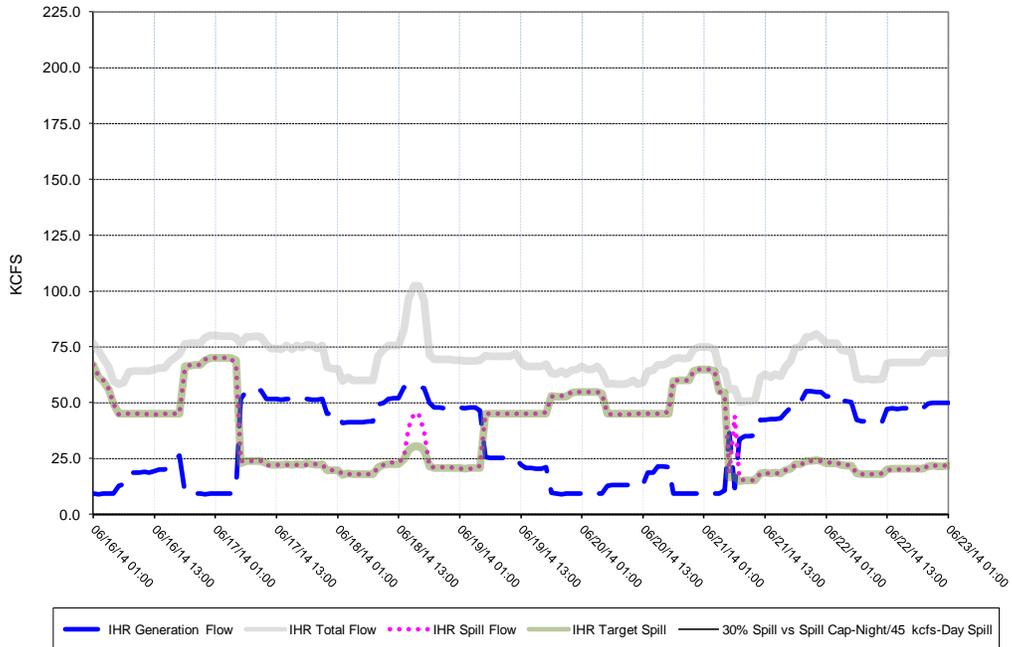
**Figure 19**



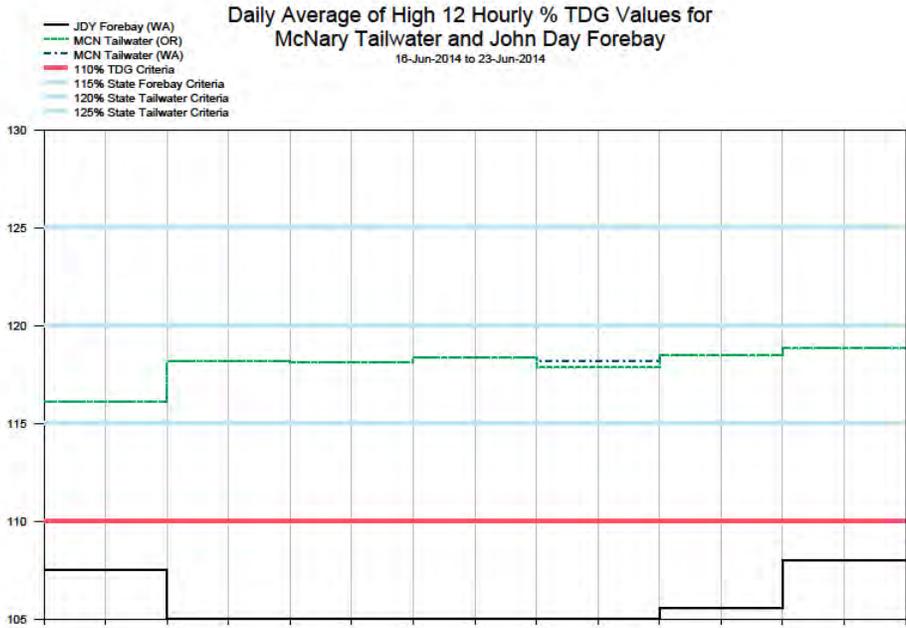
**Figure 20**



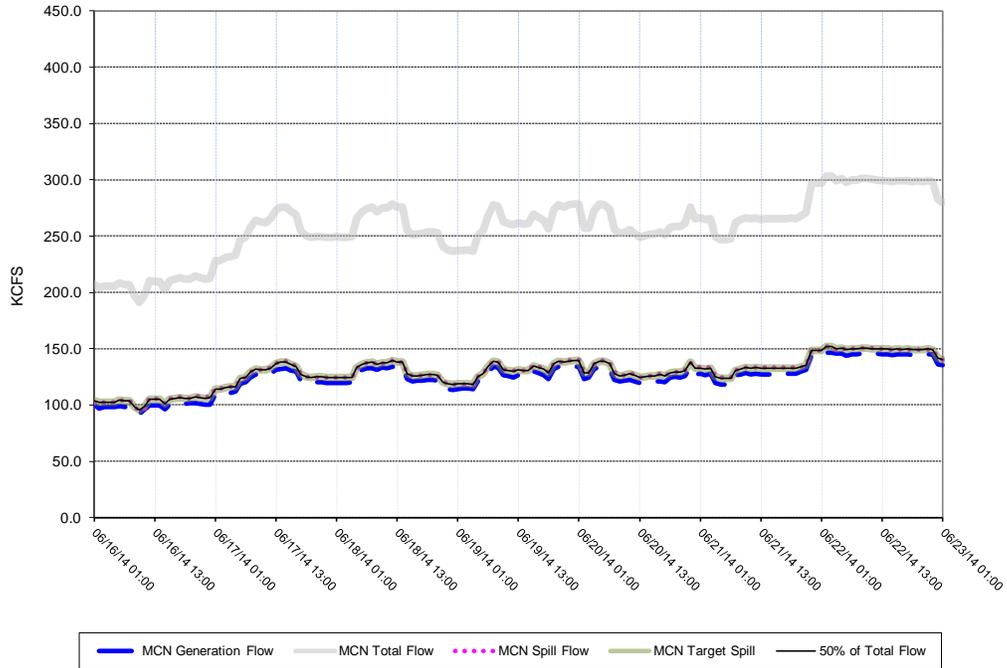
**Ice Harbor Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



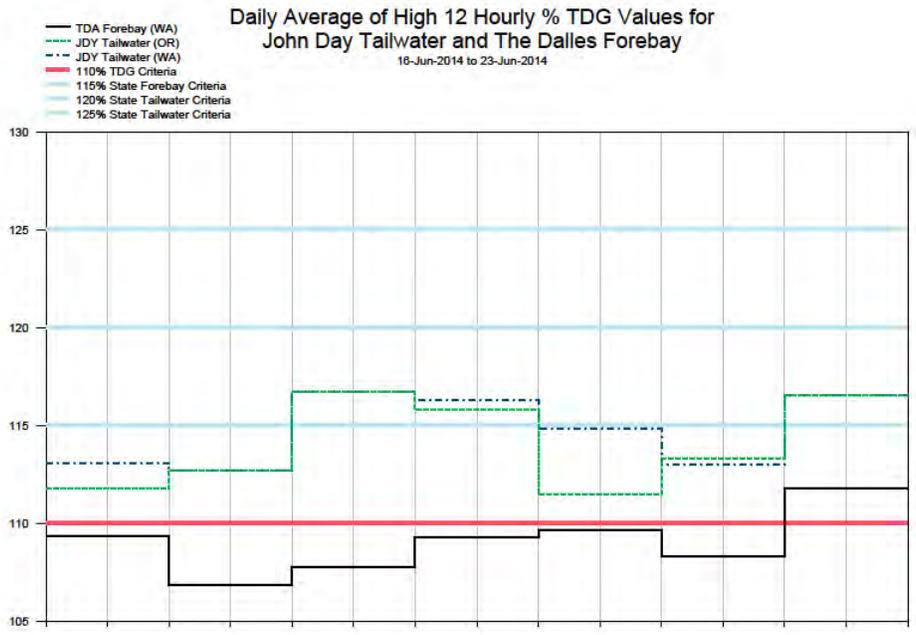
**Figure 21**



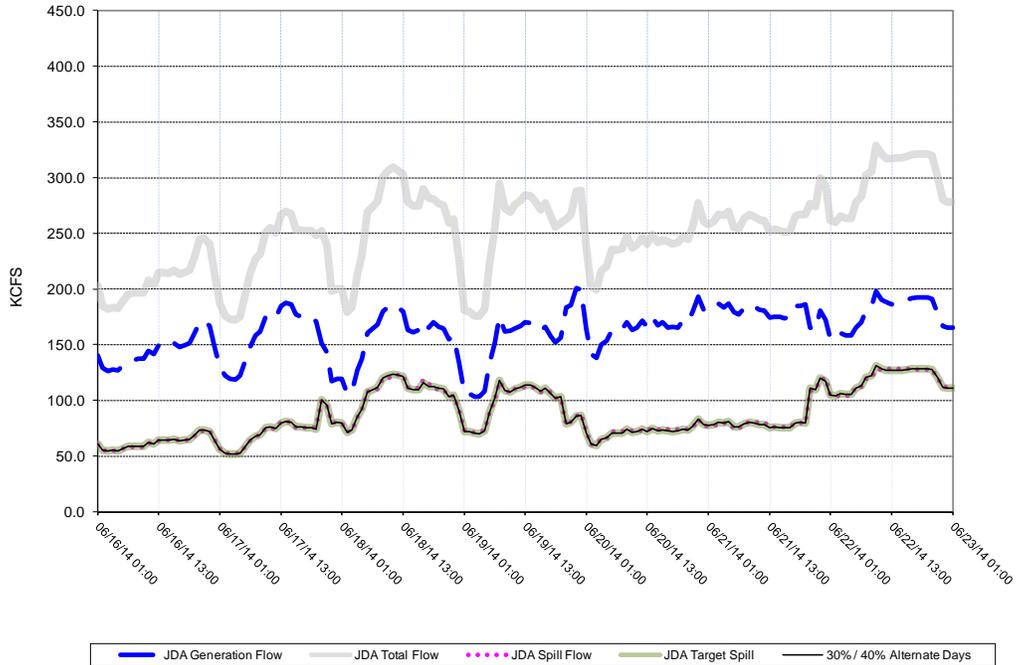
**McNary Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



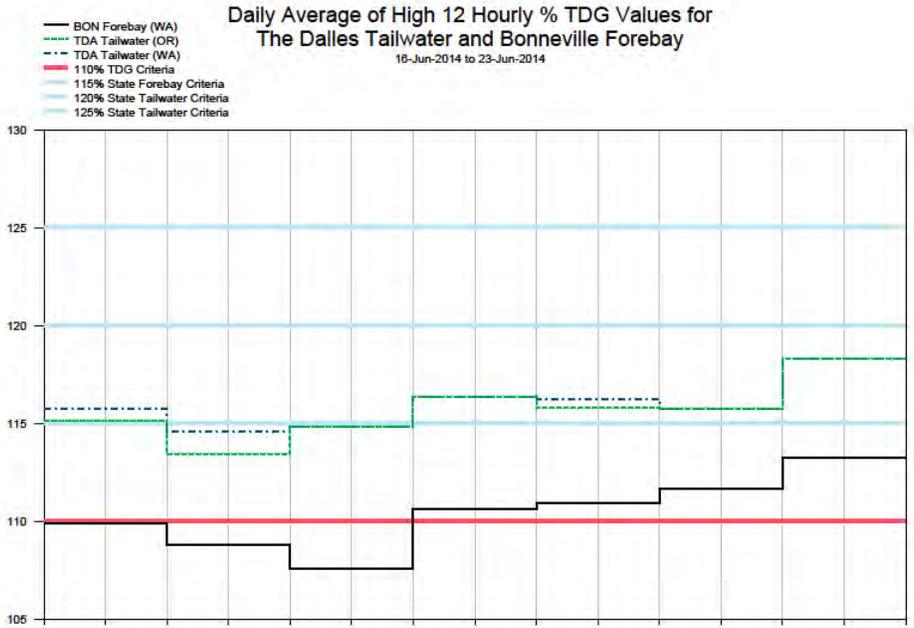
**Figure 22**



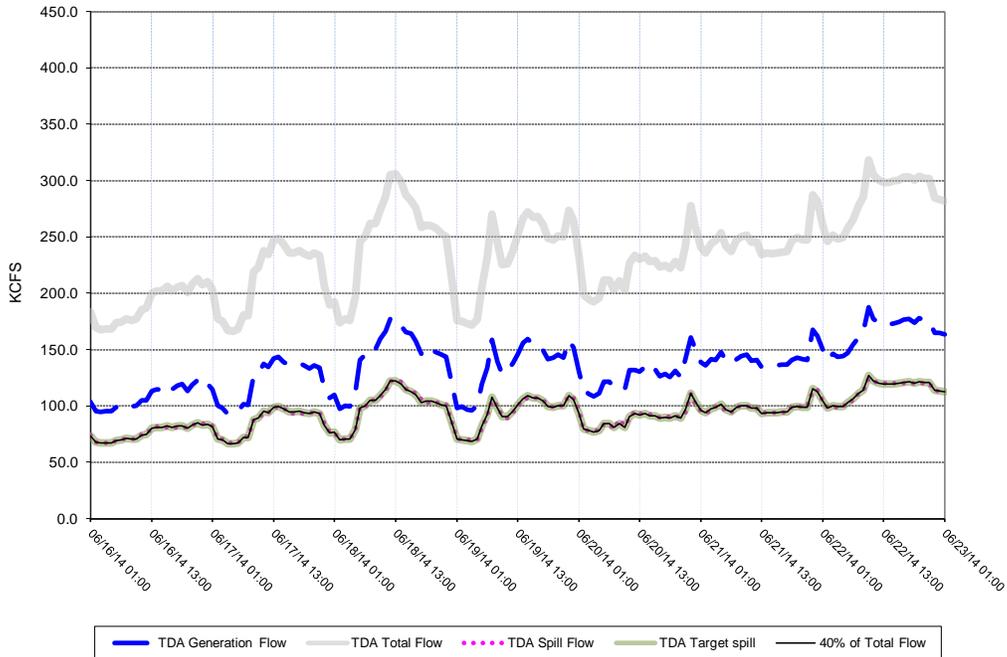
**John Day Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



**Figure 23**



**The Dalles Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



**Figure 24**

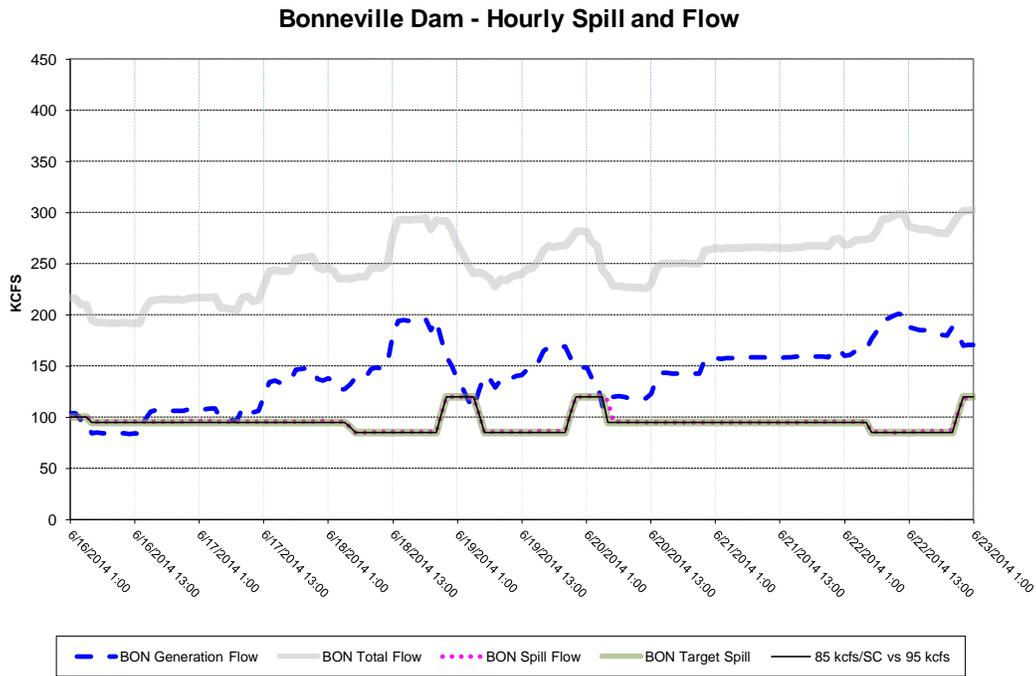
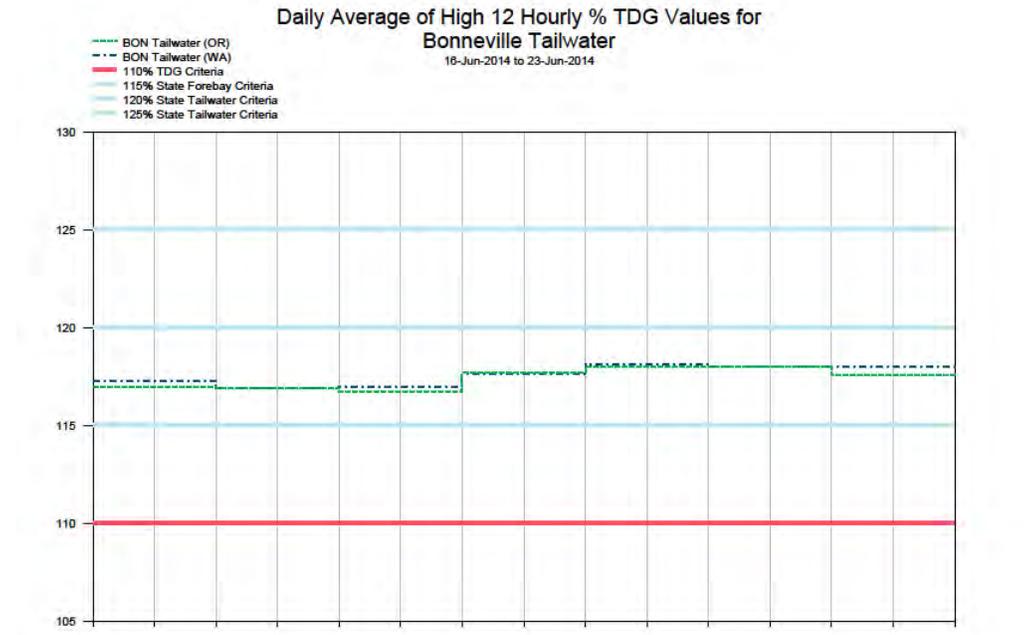
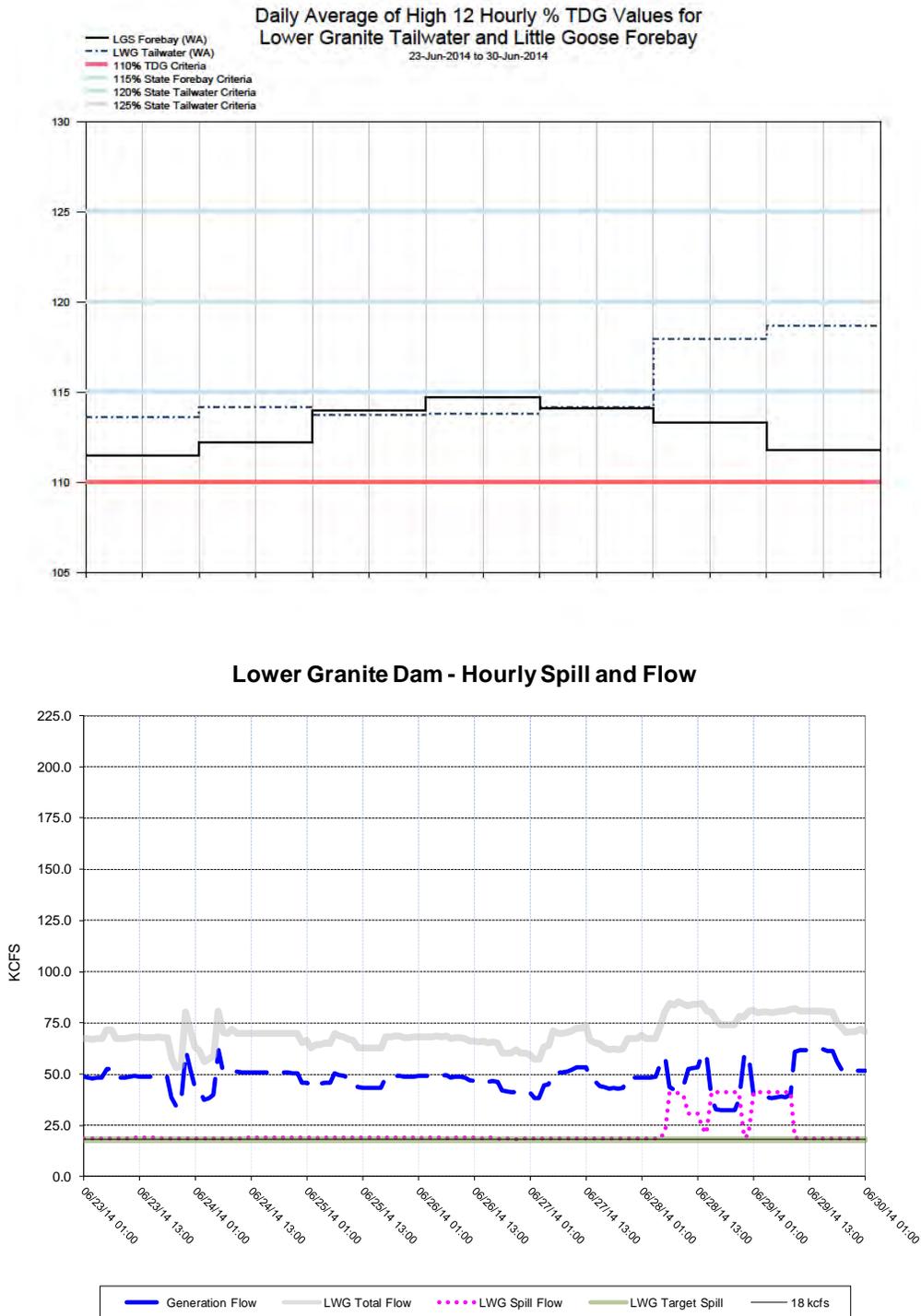
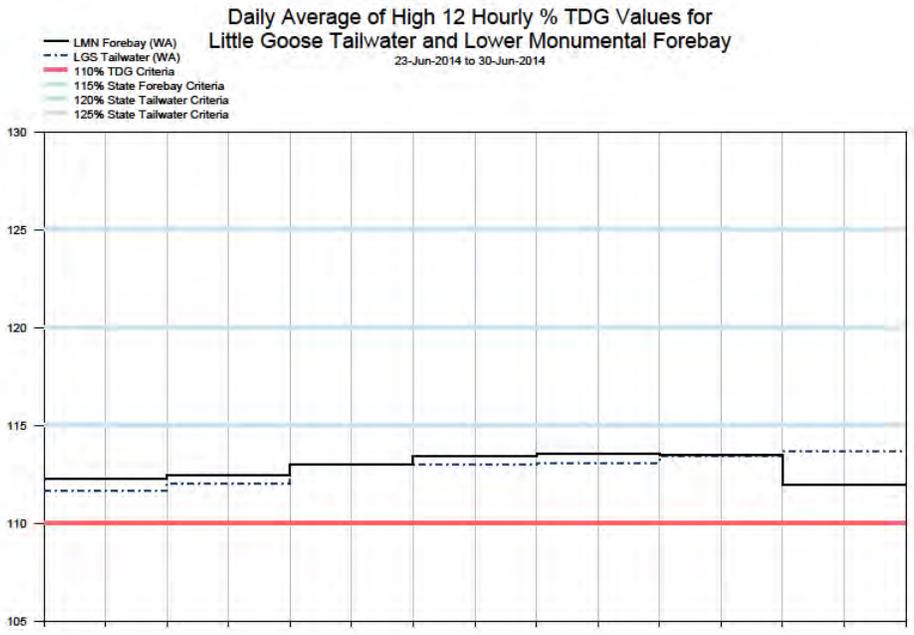


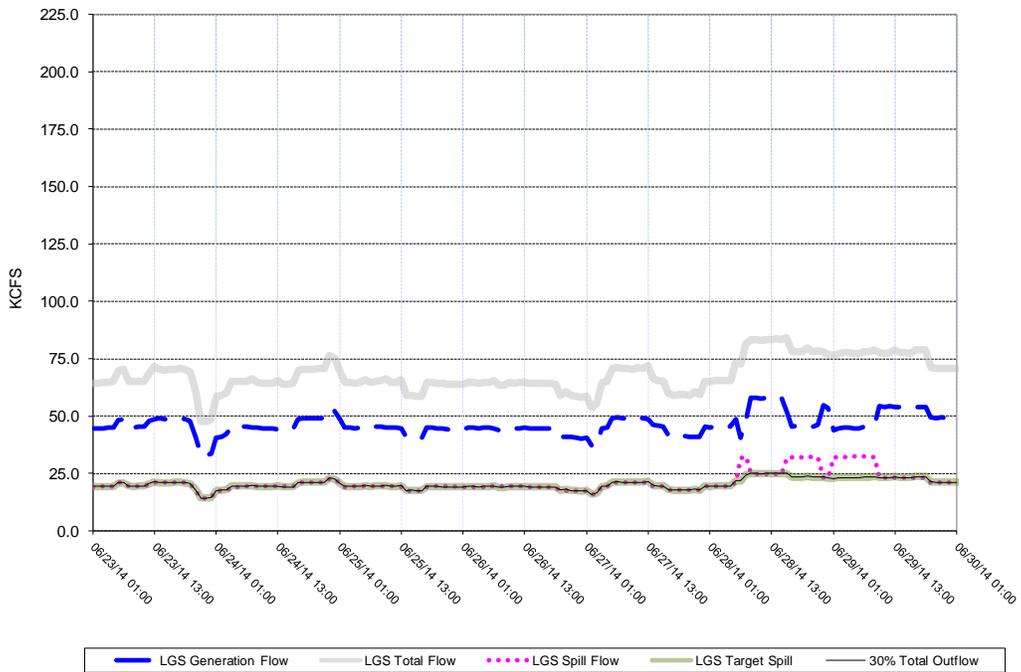
Figure 25



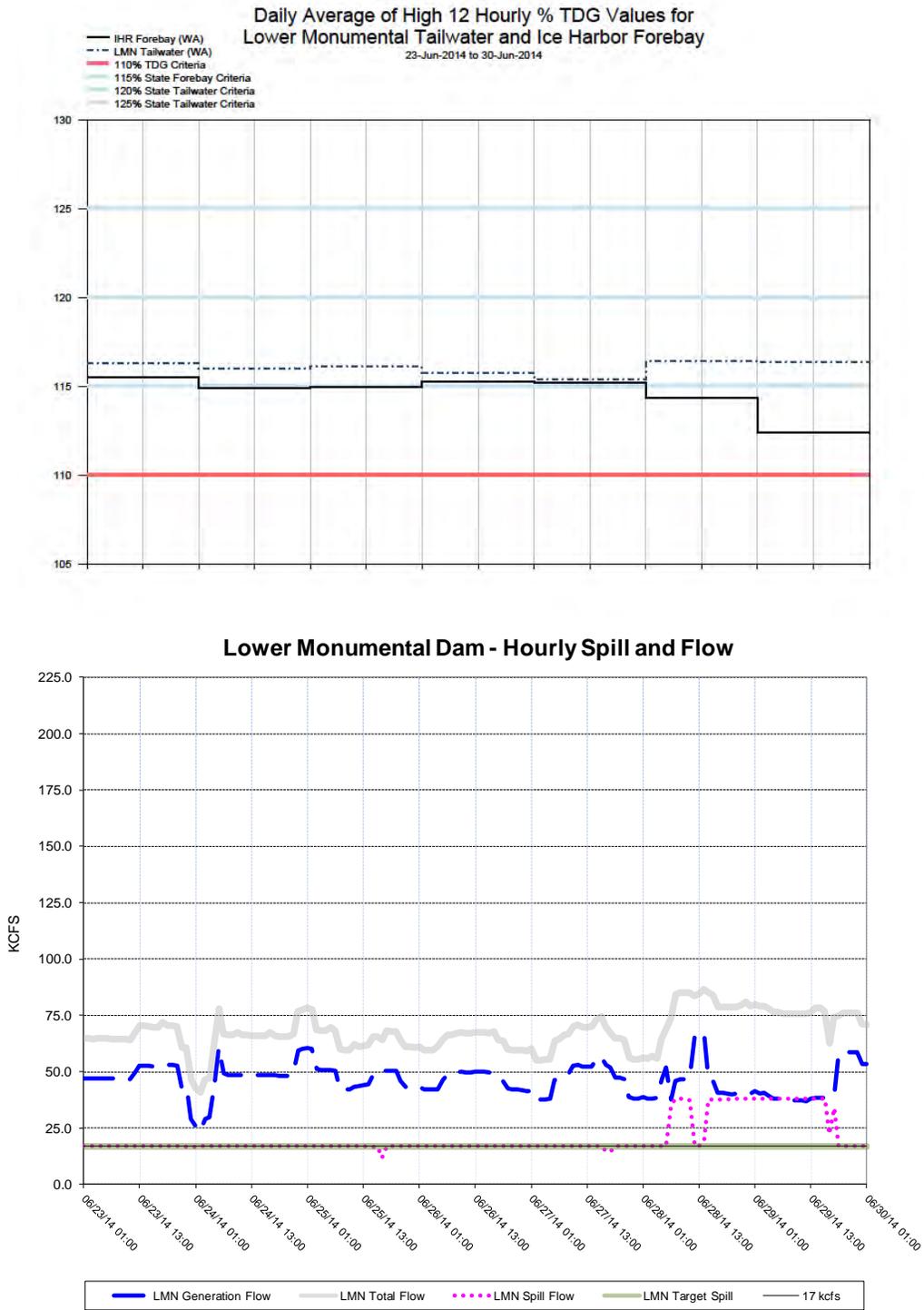
**Figure 26**



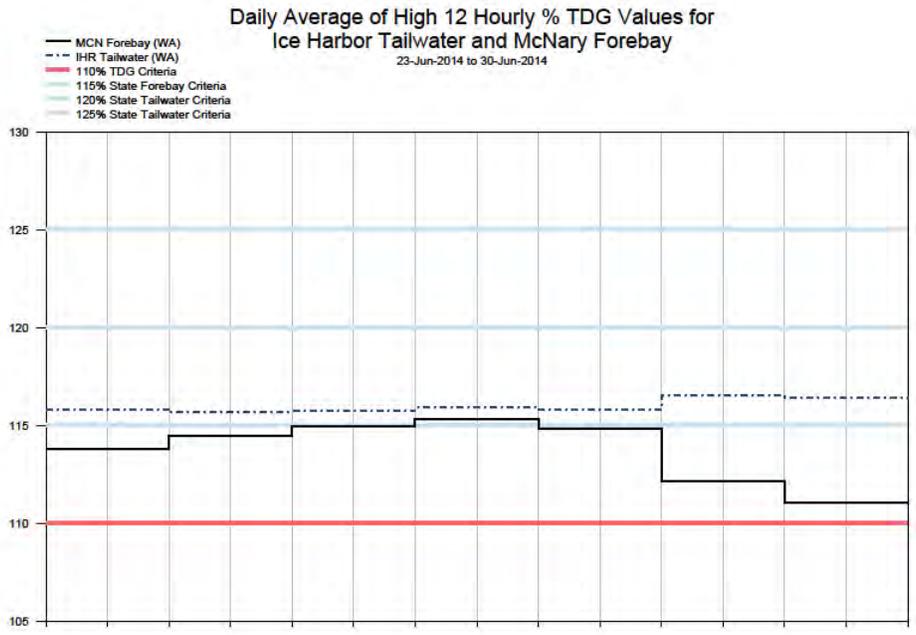
**Little Goose Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



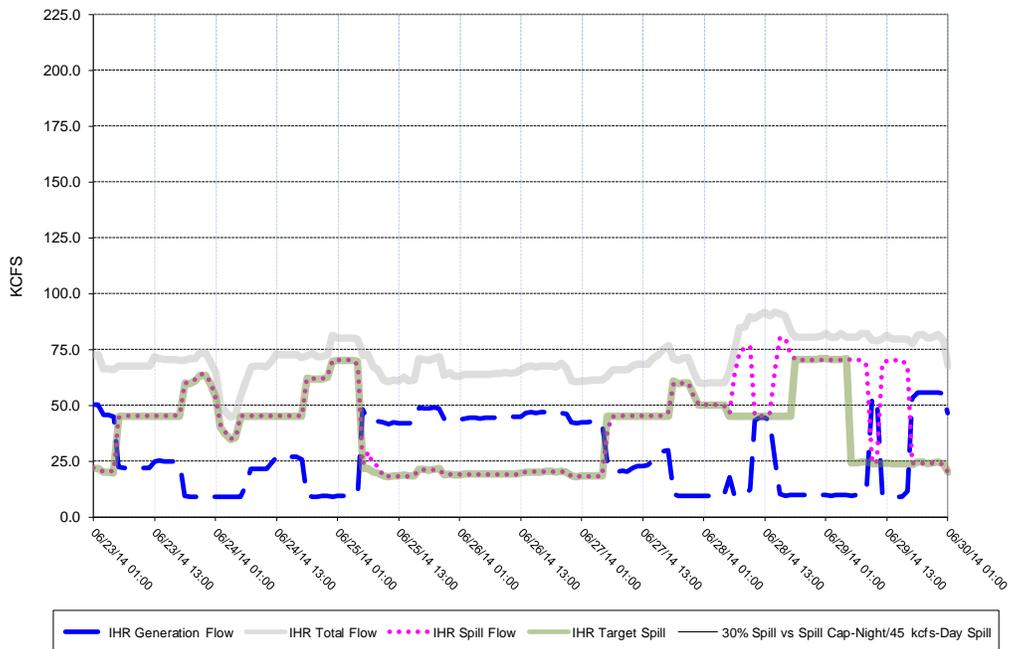
**Figure 27**



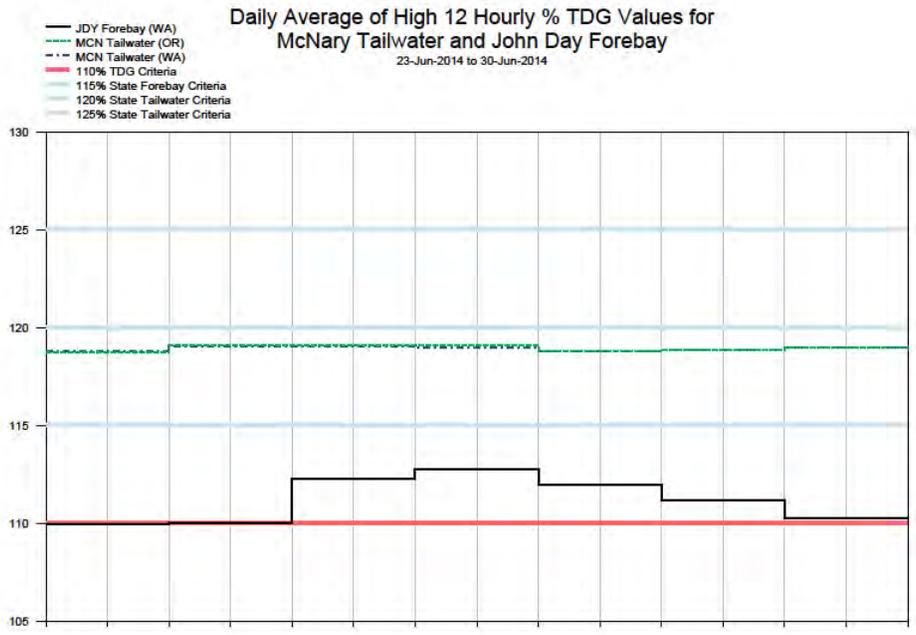
**Figure 28**



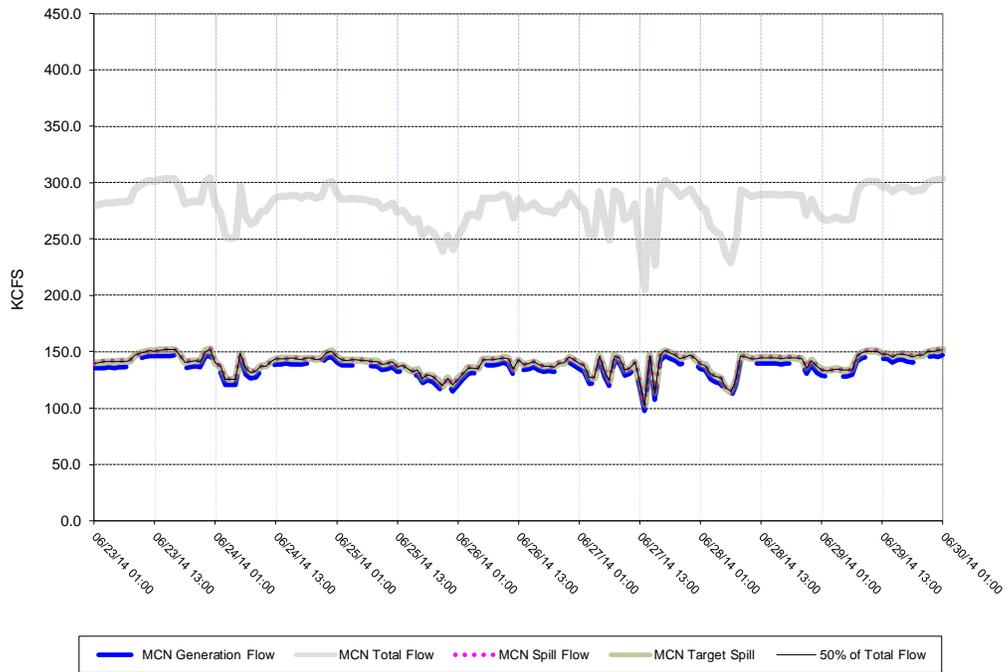
**Ice Harbor Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



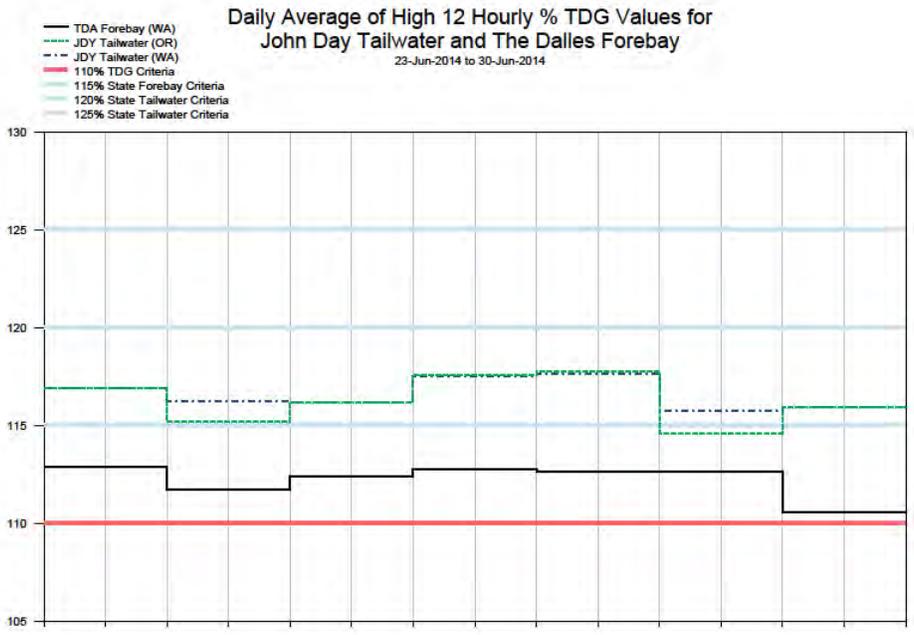
**Figure 29**



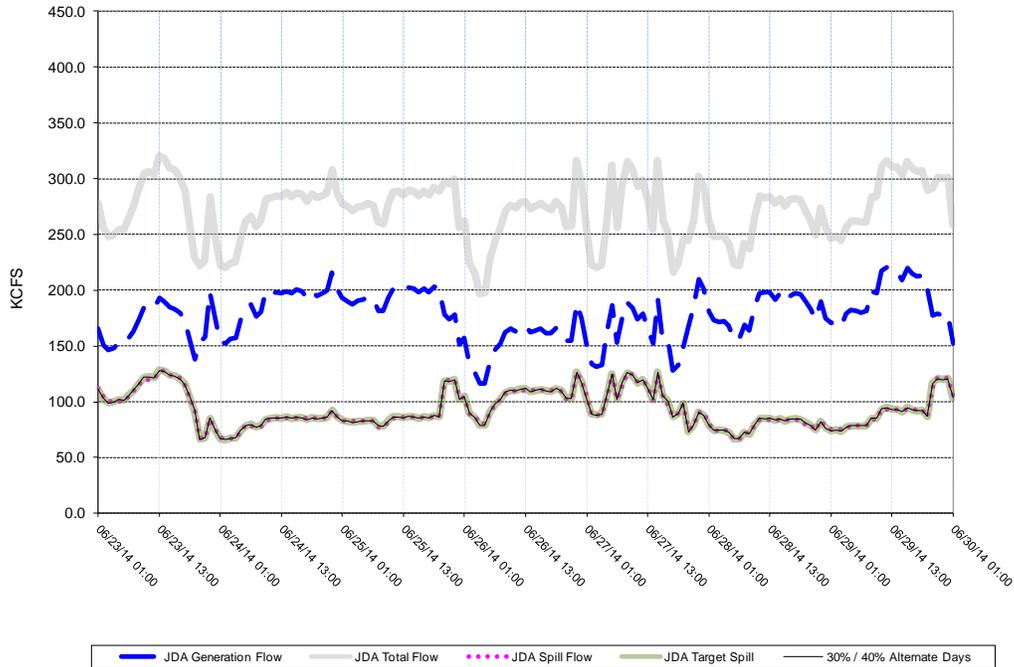
**McNary Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



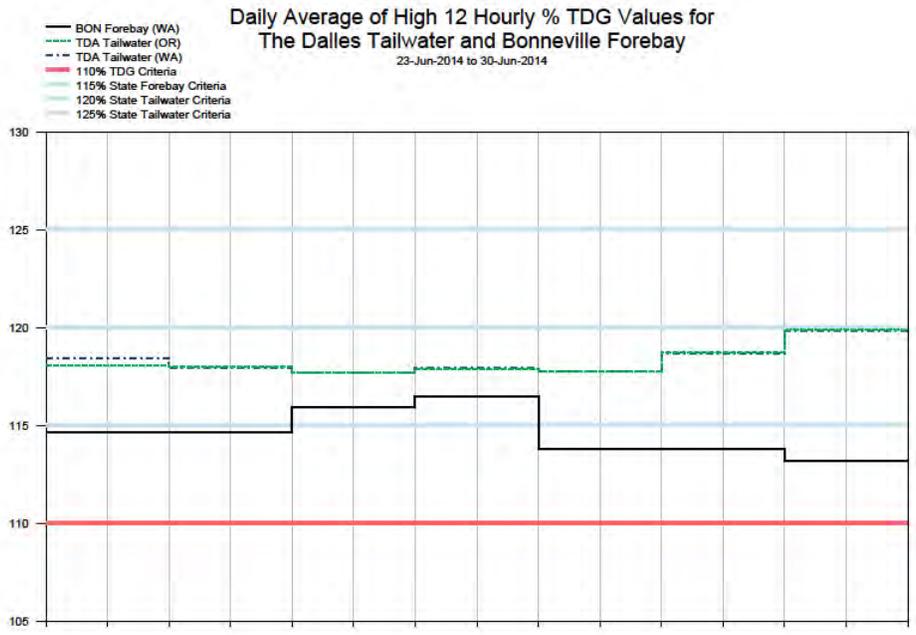
**Figure 30**



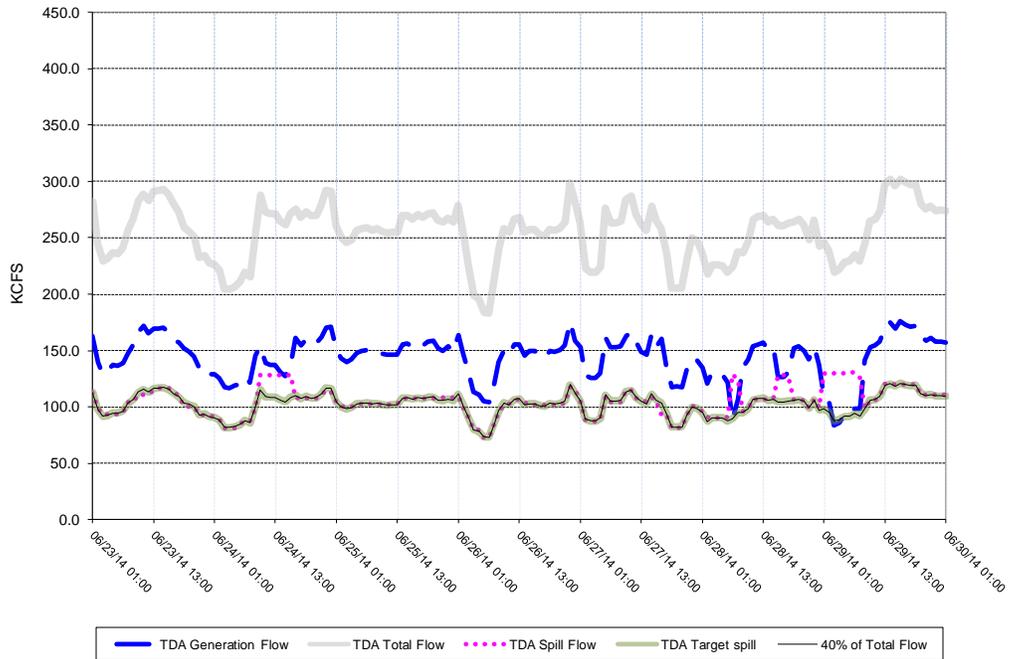
**John Day Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



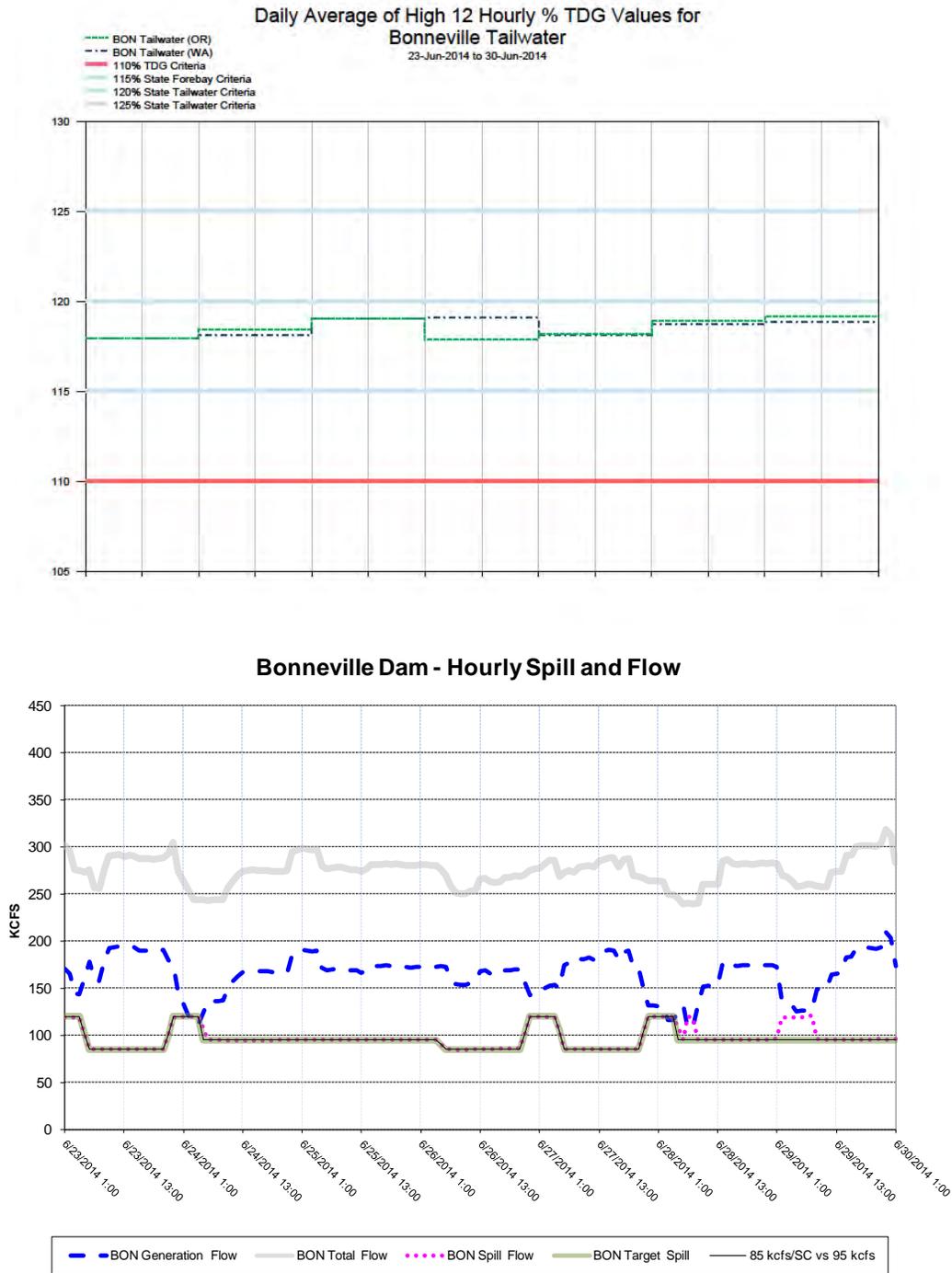
**Figure 31**



**The Dalles Dam - Hourly Spill and Flow**



**Figure 32**



**Table 1**  
**Average Percent TDG Values For June 2 – June 29**

Date	FIXED MONITORING STATIONS																			
	LWG	LGNW	LGSA	LGSW	LMNA	LMNW	IHRA	IDSW	MCNA	MCPW		JDY	JHAW		TDA	TDDO		BON	CCIW	
	WA	WA	WA	WA	WA	WA	WA	WA	WA	OR	WA									
Gas Cap %	115	120	115	120	115	120	115	120	115	120	120	115	120	120	115	120	120	115	120	120
6/2/2014	106.6	116.0	117.0	115.3	118.7	116.8	117.8	119.2	116.9	122.0	122.0	121.1	120.0	120.0	118.3	121.8	121.8	114.8	124.0	124.0
6/3/2014	106.5	116.5	116.0	115.2	118.6	116.7	117.8	118.4	116.9	120.1	121.4	120.9	119.4	119.9	118.4	121.0	122.1	114.8	123.6	124.0
6/4/2014	105.8	116.4	113.6	114.1	116.1	116.7	117.0	119.5	116.7	120.0	119.9	115.3	118.3	118.6	114.3	119.0	119.0	113.9	121.2	122.1
6/5/2014	105.3	116.5	112.1	115.7	114.8	118.6	115.8	119.9	116.5	120.4	120.3	114.5	118.3	118.0	114.5	119.2	119.0	113.6	120.1	120.1
6/6/2014	105.2	115.1	112.5	116.2	114.4	119.2	115.3	117.8	115.3	120.5	120.5	113.9	119.1	119.1	114.9	118.9	119.2	115.3	120.1	119.7
6/7/2014	105.2	115.1	112.6	115.9	115.8	119.3	115.4	118.4	115.3	118.7	119.6	114.9	118.6	119.0	115.0	119.0	119.1	115.4	120.3	120.2
6/8/2014	105.1	113.0	111.9	115.4	115.9	119.2	116.3	119.4	115.5	117.6	118.4	116.4	116.8	117.4	114.3	118.9	118.7	113.5	120.3	120.2
6/9/2014	105.5	111.1	111.7	114.9	116.1	119.4	117.1	118.0	115.7	121.7	121.6	116.6	117.1	117.1	114.3	118.3	118.7	113.6	118.6	119.4
6/10/2014	105.6	111.1	110.3	114.7	116.1	115.8	117.1	117.2	113.9	122.1	122.1	116.2	118.2	118.2	112.5	117.8	118.2	112.5	119.5	119.5
6/11/2014	105.4	111.0	109.8	113.8	114.4	117.1	116.7	117.1	113.1	120.2	120.9	113.8	117.8	117.8	115.1	119.7	119.7	115.2	118.9	119.5
6/12/2014	105.2	111.2	109.9	114.1	115.0	118.3	115.9	117.1	113.5	118.5	119.2	114.3	114.0	116.9	115.5	119.0	119.8	115.9	118.4	118.9
6/13/2014	105.0	110.7	109.7	113.7	114.9	117.6	115.4	117.4	111.7	116.3	116.5	113.5	113.9	113.3	111.1	115.7	116.9	113.6	117.7	117.7
6/14/2014	103.9	110.3	107.3	112.6	111.5	117.3	112.3	114.8	107.5	116.1	116.1	111.0	115.4	115.4	109.2	115.7	115.6	110.1	117.4	117.5
6/15/2014	103.3	111.4	106.3	113.7	111.0	118.5	111.5	115.9	106.7	116.0	116.1	108.9	113.6	115.2	109.4	115.8	115.7	109.8	117.5	117.4
6/16/2014	103.4	111.8	106.2	113.9	111.1	119.9	111.8	115.9	106.7	116.1	116.1	107.4	111.8	112.8	109.3	115.0	115.7	109.9	117.0	117.4
6/17/2014	102.9	111.5	106.0	112.1	110.6	120.4	111.9	115.8	105.9	118.1	118.1	104.5	112.8	112.8	106.6	113.3	114.5	108.7	117.1	117.1
6/18/2014	102.6	110.9	106.3	112.2	109.6	120.0	112.4	114.9	106.5	118.1	118.1	102.9	116.7	116.7	108.0	114.9	114.9	107.6	117.0	117.1
6/19/2014	102.5	111.0	108.3	111.4	109.6	119.7	114.1	115.6	107.2	118.4	118.4	103.6	115.8	115.9	109.3	116.4	116.4	110.7	117.8	117.7
6/20/2014	103.1	111.0	108.7	111.4	110.0	119.5	114.4	115.7	108.4	117.9	118.1	104.0	111.3	114.5	109.6	115.7	116.2	110.9	118.0	118.3
6/21/2014	103.9	114.9	108.9	111.5	110.0	119.2	114.3	115.7	110.6	118.5	118.5	105.7	113.6	113.3	108.5	115.9	115.9	111.7	118.1	118.1
6/22/2014	104.1	114.0	110.0	111.2	111.1	115.7	115.3	115.9	112.4	118.9	118.8	108.2	116.5	116.5	112.1	118.4	118.4	113.3	117.8	118.1
6/23/2014	104.0	113.7	111.5	111.7	112.3	116.3	115.5	115.8	113.9	118.8	118.7	110.0	116.9	116.9	112.9	118.0	118.4	114.7	118.0	118.1
6/24/2014	104.0	114.2	112.3	112.1	112.4	115.8	114.8	115.7	114.6	119.1	119.0	110.0	115.2	116.0	111.7	117.9	117.9	114.6	118.5	118.3
6/25/2014	103.7	113.7	114.1	113.0	113.0	116.1	115.0	115.7	115.0	119.1	119.0	112.4	116.4	116.3	112.5	117.8	117.8	116.1	119.2	119.2
6/26/2014	103.9	113.9	114.7	112.9	113.4	115.7	115.2	115.9	115.3	119.1	119.0	112.8	117.6	117.5	112.8	117.8	117.9	116.4	118.1	119.3
6/27/2014	103.1	114.1	114.0	113.1	113.6	115.4	115.2	115.7	114.7	118.8	118.7	111.9	117.7	117.6	112.6	117.7	117.7	113.8	118.4	118.3
6/28/2014	102.7	117.9	113.3	113.4	113.4	116.4	114.3	116.5	112.1	118.9	118.8	111.1	114.5	115.4	112.5	118.7	118.6	113.8	119.1	119.0
6/29/2014	101.5	118.7	111.7	113.7	111.9	116.4	112.3	116.4	111.1	119.0	119.0	110.2	116.1	116.0	110.5	119.9	119.8	113.2	119.4	119.2

## Total Dissolved Gas Monitoring Stations

<b>Code</b>	<b>Station Name</b>
<b>LWG</b>	Lower Granite Forebay
<b>LGNW</b>	Lower Granite Tailwater
<b>LGSA</b>	Little Goose Forebay
<b>LGSW</b>	Little Goose Tailwater
<b>LMNA</b>	Lower Monumental Forebay
<b>LMNW</b>	Lower Monumental Tailwater
<b>IHRA</b>	Ice Harbor Forebay
<b>IDSW</b>	Ice Harbor Tailwater
<b>MCNA</b>	McNary Forebay
<b>MCPW</b>	McNary Tailwater
<b>JDY</b>	John Day Forebay
<b>JHAW</b>	John Day Tailwater
<b>TDA</b>	The Dalles Forebay
<b>TDDO</b>	The Dalles Tailwater
<b>BON</b>	Bonneville Forebay
<b>CCIW</b>	Bonneville Tailwater (Cascade Island)